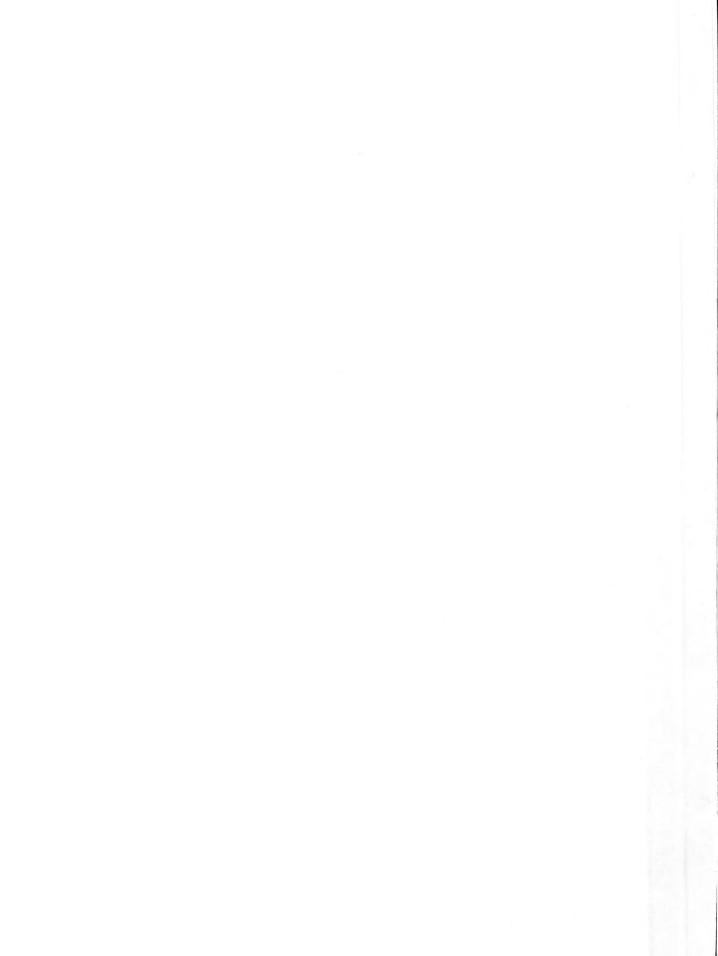
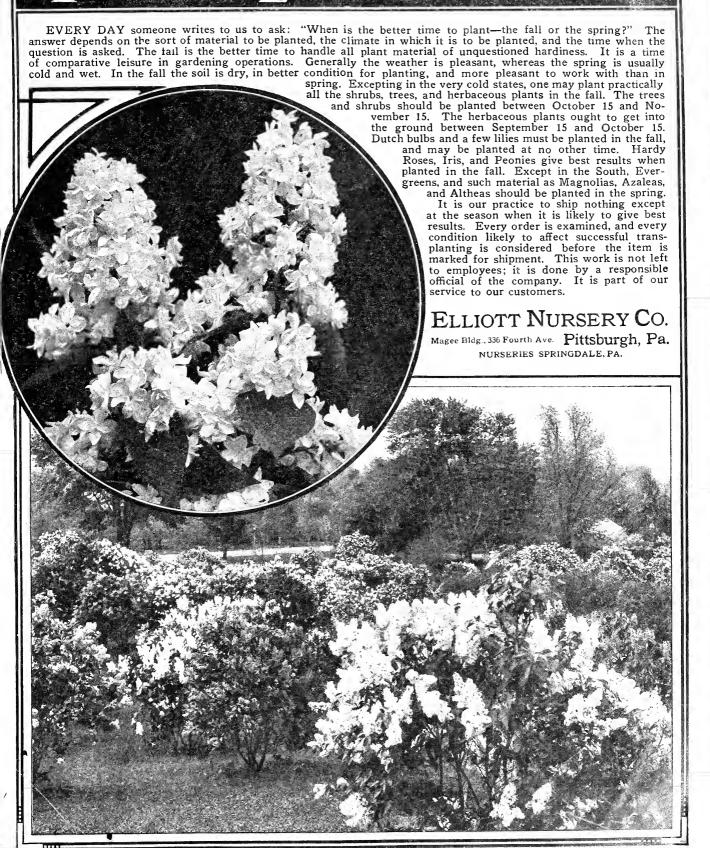
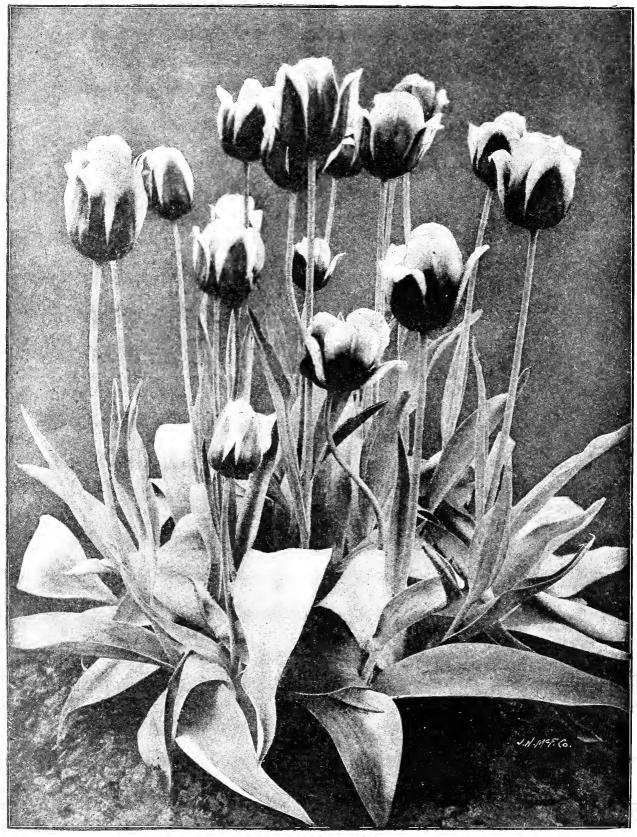
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FALL PLANTING





KEIZERKROON TULIPS.
The Largest and Showiest of the Early Flowering Tulips. (See page 5.)

Narcissus, Empress.

Narcissus, Emperor

This is the largest and finest deep yellow trumpet-flowered Daffodil in cultivation, and is really superb, both in foliage and flower. The trumpet is immense and the overlapping petals measure three to three and a half inches across. It is one of the finest for cutting as it has strong stems and foliage which add to its beauty. Very desirable for bedding and is unequalled for growing in pots. A few years ago it was selling at \$25 per hundred, but a contract made in Holland this year enables us to offer enormous bulbs, which often bring four and five splendid flowers each, at the following prices: \$1.10 per 12; \$8.00 per 100; \$75.00 per 1,000.

Special Offer of Golden Spur Narcissi

This is one of the most valuable of the Trumpet Narcissi, with magnificent deep yellow trumpet with brim expanding like Maximus, and large, spreading, full, deep yellow petals. It is free-flowering and splendid both for house culture and outdoors, and is one of the most desirable varieties for naturalizing. By contracting for 150,000 bulbs of this variety, we are enabled to offer them at the following prices, which are less than half the prices usually asked. Large, selected bulbs, 90c per 12; \$6.50 per 100; \$55 per 1,000.

Dutch Bulbs

As a rule, we import bulbs to order only, but many of our

customers neglect to send us their orders in time, and we are obliged to buy the stock in this country to fill these late orders, charge higher prices, and deliver inferior stock. We have imported a few varieties of the very choicest and most desirable bulbs in excess of our orders and offer them at the same prices as if imported to order. These fine things are described in this catalogue, but the prices quoted will be good only until the stock we have imported is exhausted. We cannot buy these bulbs in America and sell than at such low prices. Much of the stock described was personally selected this summer in Europe. We can not furnish Spanish, English or Dutch Iris, Chionodoxas, Ranunculi, Anemones, etc., because the importation of all bulbs except those offered in this catalogue is prohibited, although they are all similar and grown in the same

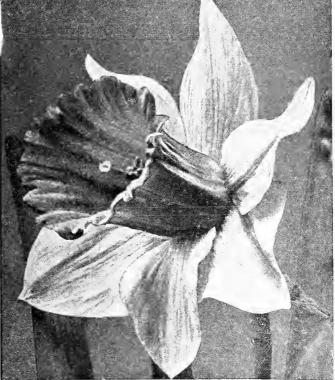
soil under the same conditions.

Narcissus Bicolor Empress

The Queen of Daffodils

Very large flowers of pure white, with rich yellow trumpet, strikingly beautiful; fine for out of doors or for forcing. This is the finest of all Daffodils and one of the most beautiful hardy flowers grown. It should be planted

where it can remain permanently. It will increase in size and beauty year after year. It really gives me great pleasure to offer this grand Dalfodil at the following low prices, and it can now he planted by the hundreds and thousands, as it deserves to be. A few years ago it was selling in Holland at \$10 per hundred, when I thought it one of the most beautiful hardy flowers in cultivation—an opinion I still hold, after growing it In my garden ever since. It is an acquaintance that improves with age. The bulbs we offer are from one of the most famous growers in Holland, who has made a specialty of this Dalfodil since its introduction. Monster bulbs, \$1.10 per 12; \$8.00 per 100; \$75 per 1,000. Large, selected bulbs, 90c per 12; \$6.50 per 100; \$59 per 1,000.



Narcissus, Emperor.



Narcissi V			
	er 12	100	1000
Barrii Conspicuus. Broad primrose petals and elegantly			
expanded crown, heavily stained orange-scarlet; extra	0.70	\$5.00	\$43.00
fine\$	0.70	\$5.00	\$43.00
Lucifer (Incomparabilis). Large, white perianth; cup intense, glowing orange-red; brilliant flower; distinct.	1.00	7.00	
Incomparabilis, Sir Watkin (The Welsh Giant Daffodil).			
Very large petals of a rich sulphur-yellow; large yel-			
low cup, tinged with orange; inimense flowers, some-			
times 5½ inches across. One of the very finest.			
Monster	1.15	8.00	72.00
Jonquils, Campernelle. Yellow; sweet scented	.70	5.00	43.00
Jonquils, Campernelle rugulosus. Large; golden yellow;			
larger and finer than the old Campernelles	.70	5.00	42.00
Jonquils, Double. Sweet-seented	.60	4.00	36.00
Jonquils, Single. Sweet-scented	.60	4.00	37.00
White Lady. (Leedsii). Exquisite flower, with broad			
white perianth and dainty cup of pale canary-color,			
prettily crinkled	1.20	8.00	
Poeticus (Pheasant's Eye). The well-known Poet's Nar-			
cissus. To insure blooming must be planted in a dry			
and thoroughly drained soil	.60	4.00	33.00
Poeticus ornatus. Improved Poeticus. Can be forced			
earlier, and blooms earlier outdoors	.60	4.00	32.00
Sulphur or Silver Phænix. Greamy white; beautiful flow-			
er; splendid. Now that this lovely variety can be had	0.		-
at a low price, it should be freely used	.85	6.00	
Von Sion (Double Yellow Daffodil). One of the best			
forcing sorts; extra-large, fine bulbs, and are not			
mixed with the inferior greenish flowered variety	.80	5.50	45.00
usually sold			
Von Sion. Double-nosed bulbs	1.00	7.00	67.00

Narcissus Bicolor Victoria

One of the newer varieties and the best of all the Bicolors. Perianth creamy white, trumpet rich yellow, delicately perfumed. Unsurpassed for pot culture or growing outdoors in the garden or the grass. Large, erect flowers of great substance. This splendid variety has given unequalled satisfaction to thousands of customers, and we do not believe we have ever had a complaint about it. Large, selected bulbs of Bicolor Victoria, 90c per 12; \$0.50 per 100; \$52 per 1,000.

Paper-White Narcissi

Splendid for growing in pots or water, and can be had in bloom for Christmas or earlier. This is really one of the most satisfactory bulbs for growing in the house. It can be had in bloom early in December, and in succession until spring. Large clusters of pure white, fragrant flowers. Cheaper and very superior to the Chinese Sacred Lily. Extra size, Paper-White Grandiflora, 90c per 12; \$6.50 per 100. Selected, 85c per 12; \$6.00 per 100.

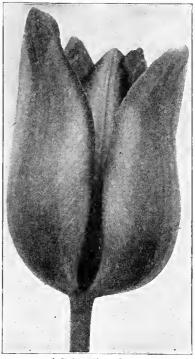


Paper-White Narcisel.

Single Named Tulips

The letters A, B, and C indicate the proportional earliness of the varieties, if planted outdoors. A and B may be used together for bedding purposes, but those marked C are later. The numbers preceding names show the height of growth in inches. Those marked F after the name are best for forcing in the house or greenhouse. The following are the very hest varieties of Single Tulips in cultivation, and all will be found extremely effective for hedding.

Per 1	2 100	1000
B 7 Albion (White Hawk). The finest pure white Tulip in cultivation. \$0.8	5 \$6.00	
B 8 Chrysc ora. F. Large; golden yellow; best yellow for outdoors68	5 4.50	42.00
C 6 Cottage Maid. White; edged with rose; extra fine; lovely; splen-		
did for bedding	0 5.00	43.00
C 9 Couleur Cardinal. F. Cardinal-red; one of the best 1.00	0 7.00	
A 13 Cramoisi Brilliant. F. Bright vermilion; large flower; fine for		
forcing	5.00	
Joost Van Vondel. Large; cherry-red and white, splendid 68	5 4.50	39.00
B 9 Keizerkroon. F. Red and gold; large and fine. A grand Tulip .73	5 5.50	
B 9 La Reine Maximus (Queen Victoria). F. Rosy white; one of		
the best	5.50	
A 10 Queen of the Netherlands. F. Lovely delicate blush-pink;		
large, globe-shaped flowers; extra fine	5.00	44.00
B 8 Rose Gris-de-Lin. F. Beautiful pink; splendid sort	5.00	42.00
B 8 Yellow Prince. F. Golden-yellow; sweet-scented. Not good for		
outdoors	5.00	
Extra-Fine Mixed Single. Extra selected	3.75	32.00



' Tulip, Chrysolora.

Darwin Tulips

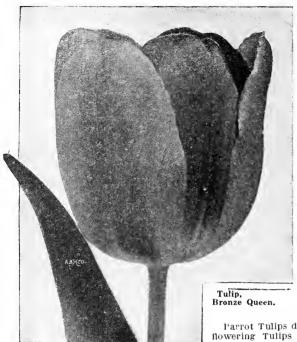
A handsome May-flowering class, and quite distinct in style of growth from other late-flowering sorts. Stately in appearance, attaining a height of 18 to 30 inches, and bearing on long stems heautiful, globular flowers of remarkably heavy texture, in a large range of colors, embacing almost every conceivable tint in rose, heliotrope, claret, crimson, maroon, and other rich and rare shades. In no class of Tulips has the improvement heen so marked, and they are now of the most distinguished character and are unsurpassed, either in the garden or for cutting. They are undoubtedly the most striking and beautiful of all Tulips.

Darwin Tulips are most valuable for permanent planting. With deep planting, 4 to 5 inches in heavy soil and 6 inches in light soil, they will continue to bloom for years, and for this reason they are very valuable for planting in shrubberies and borders.

P	er 12	100	1000
Baronne de la Tonnaye. Vivid			
pin/k\$	0.65	\$4.50	\$40.00
Clara Butt. Delicate Salmon-			
pink; heautiful	.65	4.50	39.00
Dream. Beautiful, delicate lilac.	.70	5.00	44.00
Farncombe Sanders. Immense			
flower of the most brilliant			
scarlet; one of the hest Dar-			
wins	.85	5.50	48.00
Gretchen. Delicate flesh-color;			
very lovely	.65	4.50	40.00
Harry Veitch. Rich, brilliant red	.75	5.50	
La Tulipe Noire. Comes nearest			
of all to black—dark rich pur-			
ple; splendid; flowers of enor-			
mous size	.90	6.50	
Massachusetts. Light pink; large	~ ~	0	
flower	.75	5.50	
Painted Lady. Milk-white, on dark stem; an effective combi-			
nation	.65	4.50	
Pride of Haarlem. Carmine-pink;	.03	4.00	
large	.70	5.00	
The Sultan. Almost black; forms	.,0	0.00	
a brilliant contrast with the			
white Tulips	.65	4.50	
Fine Mixed	.55		32.50
Special Mixed	.60	4.00	37.50
•			



Darwin Tulips,



Breeder Tulips

Breeders, formerly listed among the Cottage Tulips, really form a distinct class by themselves, being unbroken forms of the old-time "Florists' Tulips." A long time we thought there would be no room for this class of Tulips next to the Darwins, the colors of which are so much brighter; but we have been greatly mistaken, for, more and more, the peculiar dull-toned bronze colors of the Breeders are becoming popular, and last year there was a big demand for them.

It is these odd eolors which form one of the chief characteristics of the Breeders. Outside of that, most of them produce flowers with great lasting qualities and with a sweet, agreeable fragrance.

The kinds which we list, with a few exceptions, are large-flowering ones, surpassing in height and size even the largest Darwins.

Apricot. Dull, bronzy buff, shaded ruddy aprieot above	100
base\$1.00	\$7.00
Attraction. Light bluish violet, inside glowing purple,	*
white base	6.50
Bronze Queen. Soft buff, inside tinged golden bronze75	5.50
Cardinal Manning. Dark rosy violet	5.50
Golden Bronze. Rich golden brown 1.25	9.00
Lucifer. Bright terra-cotta orange, enormous flowers.	
New 2.00	15.00
Panorama. Deep orange-red, shaded mahogany; immense	
flower 1.25	9.00
All colors mixed\$42 per 100065	4.50
The second secon	2.00

Parrot Tulips

Parrot Tulips sometimes do not bloom satisfactorily, owing to improper planting. They like a light, sandy soil, shallow planting and a sunny location.

Parrot Tulips do not receive the attention they deserve. They belong to the late- or May-flowering Tulips and have immense, attractive flowers of singular and pieturesque form, and brilliant varied colors. The petals are euriously fringed or cut, and the form of the

and brilliant varied colors. The petals are curiously fringed or cut, and the form of the flower, especially before it opens, resembles the neck of a parrot. They form extravagantly showy flower-beds, are of endless variety of form and color, and should be grown in every flower-garden in quantities. The Parrot Tulips we import are from the most famous grower of these in Holland, and very superior to those usually sent out.

				100				er 12	100
Perfecta.	Yellow	and searlet		\$4.50	Lutea major.	Yellow; very fine		0.65	\$4.50
Cramoisi	Brilliant.	Searlet; finest of	all	4.50	Fine Mixed .		\$37 per 1000	.60	4.00

Double Named Tulips

The varieties of Double Tulips described below are the most showy bedding Tulips that ean be planted, and continue for an unusually long time in perfection.

Per 12 100 1000

B 8 Imperator Rubrorum. Brilliant scarlet; fine for foreing, and one of the grandest for hedding\$0.90	\$6.50	
B 6 La Candeur. Pure white; a splendid bedding kind 70	5.00	\$46.00
B 6 Murillo. Light pink; very early; splendid for forcing and bedding	4.50	38.00
B10 Rubra maxima. Early; bright red; splendid bedder, taking the place of Rex Rubrorum	5.50	48.00
A 8 Crown of Gold Splendid yellow; fine for foreing75	5.50	
B 7 Tournesol. Red and yellow; a most showy, striking		4
flower	6.50	
Extra-Fine Mixed Double. Extra selected65	4.50	38.00

Cottage or May-Flowering Tulips A Great Tulip, Gesneriana (Hortensis)

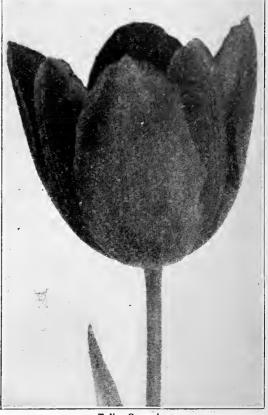
For bedding out in masses it deserves to be largely grown. Height 18 to 24 inches. Flowers of enormous size, on long, graceful stems. Color rich erimson-scarlet, with glittering blue-black center. The demand for this grand Tulip has been so great that it is very difficult to get flowering bulbs. To be sure of getting bulbs that will bloom, we pay a premium in Holland for guaranteed bulbs. This makes them higher priced, but insures that our bulbs will bloom satisfactorily. 65c per 12; \$4.50 per 100; \$38.00 per 1,000.

Late Tulip, Blushing Bride

This is one of the largest, showiest and most beautiful Tulips in cultivation, blooming in May at the same time as Gesneriana. Beautiful rose-pink, slightly shaded white; fine form and extra large flower, held on stiff, strong stem, making it a feature in the garden. 65c per 12; \$4.50 per 100; \$38.00 per 1.000.

Late Tulip, Bouton d'Or

Very bright, deep, rich yellow flowers, earried on tall stems. The best late yellow Tulip in cultivation, and fine for eutting. Good for planting in mass or in contrast with the darker varieties of Tulips. 65c per 12; \$4.50 per 100.



Tulip, Gesneriana,

First Size Named Hyacinths

The following Hyacinths are a selection of the best varieties for house culture. Bulbs of the best quality and size.

Tot house carrets. Dass of the sent quanty	Each	Per 12	100
Baroness Van Thuyll. Early; pure white	\$0.20	\$2.00	\$15.00
Cardinal Wiseman. Soft rose, carmine-			
striped; very large truss	.20	2.00	15.00
City of Haarlem. Pure yellew; grand spike.	.22	2.20	16.00
General Vetter. Blush-white	.25	2.50	18.00
Gigantea. Blush; splendid truss	.20	2.00	15.00
Grand Lilas. Azure-blue; perfect spike	.20	2.00	15.00
Ida. Citron-yellow; large spike; one of the			
finest yellows in cultivation	.20	2.00	15.00
King of the Blues. Finest very dark blue	.20	2.00	15.00
Lady Derby. Light pink; fine	.20	2.00	15.00
La Grandesse. Purest white; extra fine; best			
of all whites	.20	2.00	15.00
La Victoire. Brilliant red; one of the earli-			
est and by far the best of its color. A			
grand novelty.	.20	2.00	15.00
Lord Derby. One of the very finest blues	.20	2.00	15.00
Paix de l'Europe. Very fine snow-white;			
very large truss	.20	2.00	15.00
Perle Brilliante, Light blue; very large			
spike; fine	.22	2.20	16.00
Queen of the Blues. Light blue with silvery			
appearance; extra fine	.20	2.00	15.00
Rosea Maxima. Early; delicate rose; splen-			
did		2.20	16.00
Willette. Pearl-gray-lilac—a new color in			
Hyacinths; distinct and lovely	.22	2.20	16.00
General de Wet. (Pink sport of Grand			
Maitre). Lovely soft pink; very large			
truss well filled with fine bells. A splen-		2.22	
did variety for forcing and bedding	.22	2.20	16.00

Single Small Hyacinths for Forcing

These Single Hyacinths, planted on arrival from Holland, may be had in flower early in January. The bulbs and flowers of these small Hyacinths are about the same size as Roman Hyacinths, but much stronger, and the bells are larger, while they do not cost half the price of the Romans. Only those varieties which produce the fine flowers and force easily are selected for this purpose. They may be planted like Tulips in pots or boxes close together. Last season we sold large quantities, and our customers inform us that they are a great acquisition to succeed the Roman Hyacinths, blooming from January to April.

	Per 12	100	1000
Dark Red	\$0.75	\$5.50	\$45.00
Pink	75	5.50	45.00
Pure White	75	5.50	45.00
Cream-White	75	5.50	45.00
Dark Blue	75	5.50	45.00
Light Blue	75	5.50	45.00
All Colors Mixed	75	5.50	45.00

Single Mixed Hyacinths

Po	er 12	100
Red and Dark Red\$	0.85	\$6.00
Pink	.85	6.00
Blush-White	.85	6.00
Pure White	.85	6.00
Dark Blue and Purple	.85	6.00
Light Blue	.85	6.00
Yellow	.85	6.00
All Colors Wived \$97 per 500	8.5	6.00

Mixed Hyacinths should never be used for house or greenhouse culture.

Prepared Dutch Hyacinths

ROMAN HYACINTHS, due probably to the neglect of the French bulb fields incidental to the war, have deteriorated the quality until they no longer give satisfaction. Consequently, until the quality is again satisfactory, we have concluded not to offer them. Instead we are offering Prepared Dutch Hyacinths for early forcing. These should be grown in the same manner you have been accustomed to in growing $R\epsilon$ man Hyacinths.

																				Ρ	e_{I}	•	15	5	- 1	i 0	0
White			 				,						 							. 8	3 1		2	5	\$).(0 (
Pink													 								1		25	5	().(0 (
Blue					,				. ,	 ,				 					,		1		2	5	(),(0(



Hyacinths,

Select Named Crocuses

The Crocus is one of the first flowers to bloom in the spring, and it is no unusual sight to see the ground covered with snow and the Crocus in bloom at the same time. They are entirely hardy, do not deteriorate, and may be left undisturbed for years. It is a good plan to plant tulip and hyacinth beds full of them, as they bloom and are out of the way before the other bulbs flower. They are also fine for naturalizing in the grass, but the tops of the Crocus must have time to ripen before the grass is cut.

All named Crocuses, 35c per 12.

4000

	100	1000
Baron van Brunow. Dark blue	\$2.00	\$18.00
Grand Lilas. Lilac; very early and fine	. 2.00	18.00
Large Yellow. Mammoth bulbs	2.50	20.00
Madame Mina. Light blue, striped; very early; ex	-	
tra fine		18.00
Mont Blanc. White; best	2.00	18.00
Sir John Franklin. Large; dark purple	. 2.00	18.00
Sir Walter Scott. Finest striped	. 2.00	18.00

Chrysanthemum Maximum

(Gliasta Daisy type)	
Per 12	100
Alaska. A decided improvement. Flowers are 3 to 4	
inches in diameter, of pure white, very free and	
blooms nearly all summer\$2.00	\$12.00

Lilium Candidum

Many people think that it is necessary to plant this lovely Easter or Many people think that it is necessary to plant this lovely easter or Annunciation Lily early in September. This is not true. We have repeatedly planted them in November, and with complete success. In the Fall of 1918 we planted over 10,000 bulbs late in November. These bloomed splendidly the following June, and we sold flowers in the wholesale cut-flower market for more than double the price of the bulbs. Owing to the demoralization of the transportation systems of the world, it is no longer possible to deliver Candidum Lilies by September 1st. and people who insist on such early delivery are only depriving themselves of one of the lovellest of all garden Lilies. We have made arrangements for the earliest possible delivery, and, if these Lilies come in late, will not ship them to Northern points where it is actually too late to plant them.

\$3.50 \$26.00

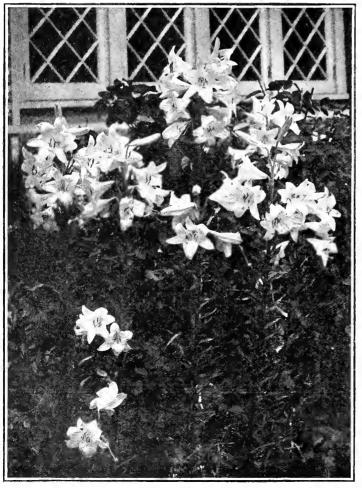
ply bulbs from both southern and northern France.

Special Offer of Superbum Lilies

We make an annual contract to have 25,000 bulbs of this grand Lilv grown for us. This enables us to offer it at low prices, which makes it available for naturalizing in quantity. It is unquestionably one of the most satisfactory Lilies that can be planted either in the garden or in meadows, on the edge of woods or in any rough or wild parts of the grounds, where it will take care of itself without any attention whatever after planting. It will also thrive in well or swampy places. It is a grand Lily, often growing over 8 feet high, and produces twenty to thirty beautiful orange-red flowers in July. when flowers are apt to be rather scarce.

Prices of extra selected bulbs, \$2 per 12; \$3.50 for 25; \$13 per

100; \$30 per 250.



Lilium Candidum.



Lilium Superbum.

Japanese Lilies

Transportation between Japan and United States is not yet back to its pre-war schedule and consequently, Japanese Lilies may not arrive in time for Fall planting. In this event the bulbs will be carefully packed in sand and placed in safe storage until the proper planting time in the spring, when they will be distributed.

epining, made they will be distributed.			
	Each	Per 12	100
Auratum. (Gold-banded Lily of Japan).			
8 to 9 inches\$	0.35	\$3.50	\$25.00
9 to 11 inches	.50	5.00	35.00
11 to 13 inches	.60	6.00	
Longiflorum. Ready in November. Has			
large, pure white, trumpet-shaped			
flowers like the Bermuda Easter			
Lily, but is perfectly hardy.			
6 to 8 inches	.30	3.00	22.00
7 to 9 inches	.40	4.00	28.00
Speciosum Melpomene, Similar to			
'Roseum or Rubrum; more brilliant.			
7 to 9 inches	.30	3.00	22.00
9 to 11 inches	.35	3.50	27.00
Speciosum album. White, 7 to 9 in.	.35	3.50	25.00
9 to 11 inches	.50	5.00	35.00
Speciosum rubrum or roseum.			
7 to 9 inches	.30	3.00	25.00
9 to 11 inches	.35	3.50	
Monsters	.50	5.00	
The Speciosum varieties are exceed		beautif	ul and

Liatris Pycnostachya Per 12

The popular name of this striking plant is Kansas Gay Feather. Nothing can be planted that will attract more attention on account of its very unusual appearance; but it is very beautiful as well as old. It blooms in midsummer and throws up long, narrow spikes of rich purple flowers, which last a long time.....

desirable and perfectly hardy and reliable.

100

\$2.50 \$12.00

Native and American-Grown Lilies

October and November Delivery

Per	12 100
Canadense flavum. Our dainty, beautiful native Lily, Graceful and charming yellow flowers\$2.5	25 \$14.00
Canadense rubrum. Red flowers	
Canadense, Mixed 1	75 10.00
dotted black	75 10.00
Elegans, Fine Mixed. The Elegans Lilies bloom in June, are of easy culture, and very desirable. 2.0	00 12.00
Elegans, Leonard Joerg. Rich apricot, spotted 3.0	
Hansonii. A handsome variety, flowering in June, Has bright rich yellow flowers. One of the best Lilies in cultivation. Bulbs sometimes remain dormant after planting, but will come up vigorously the next season	
Henryi. A new Japanese Lily that has made a sensation in Europe. It has the same form and appearance as the Speciosum varieties, but the	
flowers are bright orange-yellow75c each 7.5	>0
Philadelphicum. Native Lily. Orange-red, black spots	75 10.00
Tigrinum splendens (The well-known Single Tiger Lily). Of easiest culture and worthy of general planting on account of stately habit and fine	
effect in the landscape 2.5	25 12.00

Lilium Harrisii

(True Bermuda Easter Lily)

Lilium Formosum

Japanese Easter Lily.

An early-flowering varlety of Longiflorum Lily, fine for forcing or planting outdoors. Large bulbs, 7 to 9 incheseach 50c. \$5.00

Lilium Regale

A new hardy lily with remarkably beautiful blooms. Color white, shaded pink; canary yellow center. May be used for forcing. \$1.00 \$10.00

Calla Lilies

White Calla (Richardia æthiopica). The White Calla, or Lily-of-the-Nile, is a well-known plant of easy culture, and in winter is one of our best window plants. To aid profuse blooming keep them dormant from the middle of June until the last of August; repot in good, rich soil, using 6- to 8-inch pot; give water, light and heat in abundance.

 Good flowering bulbs
 Each \$0.25
 Per 12 \$100

 Extra-large bulbs
 \$0.25
 \$2.50
 \$18.00

 27.00
 \$0.25
 \$0.25
 \$0.25
 \$0.25



Lily-of-the-Valley.

Lily-of-the-Valley

Freesia Purity

This charming flower is one of the most satisfactory bulbs that can be forced. It is certain to flower either in the conservatory or the house.

Scilla

Per 12 100 1000

Sibirica. Finest sky-blue. One of the loveliest Spring flowers; it has a color almost as deep as the sky itself. It is quite hardy and flowers outdoors at the same time as Snowdrops, in front of which it has a charming effect. It is fine for planting in the grass \$0.75 \$5.50 \$43.00

Collections for the House

For the inexperienced we have made up collections of bulbs suitable for house culture. These collections contain the very best varieties for forcing and can be bought with every confidence. These collections are standard collections, and each collection is exactly like every other collection. If a different selection is wanted, this selection must be made out by the customer. If a higher priced collection is needed (above \$20.00), we will be glad to extend our service, and in the making of the collection the suggestions made by the customer or, if entirely left to us, use our best judgment. All that is necessary for us to know is the price limit.

Collection J. 80 Assorted bulbs of suitable varieties \$5.00

Collection K. 132 Assorted bulbs of suitable varieties 10.00

Collection L. 217 Assorted bulbs of suitable varieties 15.00

Collection M. 276 Assorted bulbs of suitable varieties 20.00

In the more expensive collections, proportionately more of the more expensive bulbs are used.



Euonymus Radicans Vegetus.

The Best Evergreen Vine for America—

Euonymus radicans vegetus

"Is the lvy the best vine in the world? Doubtless every Englishman will cry 'Yes!' because the European or English lvy (lledera Helix) is the oldest evergreen vine in cultivation and has made the deepest impression in literature, art, and history. But if your standard is merit, not associations, there is another vine which seems to me inherently better, viz., the Climbing Euonymus, or, as I now propose to call it, the 'Evergreen Bittersweet.' True, the form of its leaf is not unique like that of ivy, but it has one overwhelming advantage in its gorgeous red berries, which are resplendent all winter against a noble background of evergreen foliage. And in many other ways it has greater value than ivy, even in regions where the ivy is hardy.

"The accompanying picture gives but a faint hint of the fivefold glories of the Evergreen Bittersweet. In the first place, it is evergreen, and therefore has an obvious advantage over deciduous vines in being beautiful 365 days of the year, instead of two weeks or seven months.

"Secondly, it is very accommodating as to soils, climate, exposures; is easy to grow, and will trail over the ground or climb to the noble height of 30 feet.

"Thirdly, it has immense advantage over ivy, in being much bardier, growing 20 feet high in New England where ivy can be grown only as a ground-cover.

"Forthly, its superb red fruits, which closely resemble those of our common wild bittersweet, seem divinely appointed to redeem our American winters from their bleak, ugly and cheerless moods.

"And, fifthly, it promises to develop a strong American character, becoming universal and dear to the American heart. If I had a million dollars to spare I should like to plant an Evergreen Bittersweet against every stone, brick and concrete wall in America. The effect would be electrical for it would add 100 per cent to the beauty of America and it would only be anticipating by a hundred years what will surely happen, for it is hardly possible that the world holds any plant with greater power to transform a house into a home. As in England every home and every church is enriched, dignified and ennobled by ivy, so every American home will come to be connected so closely with the Evergreen Bittersweet that it will be impossible to think of one without the other."—WILHELM MILLER, in the Garden Magazire, November, 1919

We have known for several years of the great merit of the vine, Euonymus radicans vegetus, so enthusiastically described by Professor Miller, and have been steadily getting up a large stock of it, and now have several thousand plants. It is a sport from Euonymus radicans, but absolutely distinct from that vine.

Planted in rows and kept sheared, this vine makes a splendid evergreen hedge. It is also a splendid ground-cover plant for either sun or shade.

Perfectly hardy, but when planted in the fall should be protected with a mulching or 3 inches of stable manure, being careful not to cover the evergreen foliage. Very slow-growing at first, but when well established grows with great vigor.

Strong pot-plants, 50c each; \$5.00 per 12; \$40.00 per 100.



Regel's Privet Hedge, Slightly Trimmed.

The Best Hedges

Amoor River Privet

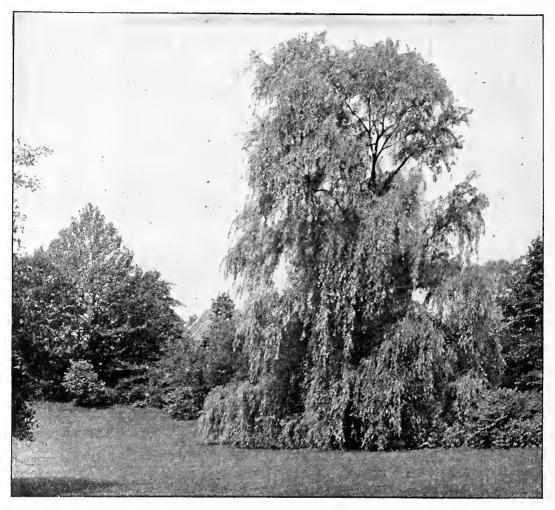
A more slender grower than the common Privet. Hardier than the California while the foliage is finer and of a lighter green, and retains better color during the winter. It makes a more satisfactory hedge than the California, and should be more extensively planted. We offer the true variety. The Privet generally sold in the South for Amoor River is Ligustrum chinense, and is not hardy in the north. 2-3 feet, \$4.00 per 12; \$25 per 100.

Regel's Privet

Regel's Privet, Ligustrum Regelianum, is not only the best Privet, but is also one of the very best shrubs for many purposes that we know of. Is perfectly hardy, of most beautiful, pendulous habit and splendid foliage. It is of vigorous growth and will thrive in either sun or shade. In good soil it will attain a height of 8 to 10 feet, and spread almost as great. It is fine as a specimen or for planting is masses in shrubbery, but its greatest value is for hedging. As a hedge-plant it is unsurpassed. It can be kept closely trimmed or trimmed but little, when it will preserve its natural drooping character which is most graceful and beautiful. A partially trimmed hedge of this Privet on the grounds of Mr. Clarence Byrnes, Sewiekly, Pa., we think one of the handsomest hedges we have ever seen. On account of its spreading habit this Privet makes a hedge solid to the ground whether it is sheared hard or not. We ean not understand why people continue to plant California Privet, which is inferior in every respect and not reliably hardy. Regel's Privet is somewhat higher priced, but on account of its spreading habit it requires only half the quantity that it does of the California Privet to plant a hedge. For a hedge, plant Regel's Privet 18 inches apart in a single row. \$4 per 12; \$30 per 100.

Japanese Barberry

We are frequently asked to recommend the best shrub for hedge planting, and, after many years' experience, we are decidedly of the opinion that the Japanese Barberry, Berberis Thunbergii, is the best hedge-plant in existence, and either as an ornamental, defensive, trimmed or untrimmed hedge, it is unsurpassed. As an ornamental hedge it is beautiful throughout the year, its abundant crop of bright red berries making it even more attractive in the winter than in the summer. Its compact growth and thorny branches make a defensive hedge that will turn cattle after five years' growth. As an untrimmed hedge, it requires no attention except an occasional cutting of a few straggling branches. The natural growth is so dense and even that it forms a perfect hedge without shearing, but if a formal hedge is desired, by shearing, it can be made as even as a stone wall. The Berberis is absolutely hardy, of the easiest culture, and will grow in any soil or situation. It will stand eonsiderable shade and can be grown under trees if not planted too close to the trunks. It is of slow, compact growth, but will eventually attain a height of 5 or 6 feet. It is one of the very best of shrubs for general planting. For a hedge, plant a single row, 18 inches apart in the row. We have a very large stock of fine plants. 18-24 inch plants, \$4 per 12; \$30 per 100.



Salix Salamonii. From a Photograph Taken Ten Years After Planting.

Salix Salamonii

This is a variety of the Weeping Willow, but not nearly so pendulous as the common form, and we believe it to be the fastest-growing tree in the world, not excepting the eucalyptus, so much planted in California. We cut down one of these Willows in our nursery when it was seven years old, and it measured 13 inches

through the trunk. It makes a very good-looking tree, as will be seen by the illustration above, and has the good qualities of leafing out very early in the spring, and of holding its foliage until late in the fall. This tree starts into growth quite early and should be planted as early as possible in the spring.

One-year-old trees, 75c each; \$8.00 per 12; \$45.00 per 100. Two-year-old trees, \$1.25 each; \$13.00 per 12; \$85.00 per 100. Trees older than this are really too large to handle.

Tall English Delphiniums

We are tempted to say that the Improved English Delphiniums are the most beautiful hardy plants in cultivation, but we are also tempted to say this of a score of other things, and, of course, it is impossible to say which is the most beautiful of hardy plants, for they have such an immense variety of beauty that the wonder grows that people continue to plant, by the million, bedding plants which have little or no beauty, are an annual expense, and cost quite as much as hardy plants whose first cost is their only cost and which increase in size, in beauty, and often in quantity, year after year. These Delphiniums may not be the most beautiful hardy plants, but they are among the most beautiful, and nothing can be more distinct and satisfactory. They are stately and picturesque, some varieties growing 8 feet high in rich soil; they have immense spikes of most beautiful flowers of every imaginable shade of blue, and their season is a long

Culture of Delphiniums

The culture of Delphiniums is exceedingly simple, and the results out of all proportion to the slight amount of care necessary. They thrive in almost any position, and may be planted at any time of the year, provided that in summer the plants are not too forward. and that they be well watered if the weather be dry. The soil may be a rich, friable loam, which suits them finely; but any soil, even hot and sandy, if well watered and manured, will give excellent results. Dig deeply,-trenching is better,—add plenty of well-rotted manure, and plant about 2½ feet apart. Placed in lines, as a background to a border, or in groups of, say, three plants at intervals, the effect of the Delphinium is exceedingly fine. They look well in beds, also, arranged at the same distance apart each way. They are grand grown in masses of large groups of separate colors, and may be associated with shrubs with great advantage, succeeding well in shrubberies because of their robustness. A succession of flowers may be expected from spring to early autumn, especially if the spikes which have done flowering early he cut down to the ground; fresh growth will then be produced which will give blossom. Copious watering in summer will be attended by increased size of spike and flower; in fact, in

seasons of prolonged drought, water is absolutely a necessity on many soils if the varieties are to exhibit themselves in their true size and beauty of flower and spike. Top-dressing is greatly recommended on certain soils, instead of the bare surface of the ground being left exposed to the sun. Some of the neater dwarr alpine and other hardy plants may be utilized to plant between and around Delphiniums. As we have intimated, any garden soil suits the Delphiniums; it is, however, necessary to secure sorts such as are offered helow in order to obtain an effect superior to that afforded by the old smaller-flowered varieties.

Special Offer Improved English Delphiniums



Delphinium.

Standard Sorts

Belladonna. The freest and most continuous blooming of all, never being out of flower from the end of June until cut down by hard frost. The clear turquoise-blue of its flowers is not equaled for delicacy and beauty by any other flower. 25c each; \$2.50 per 12; \$15.00 per 100.

Bellamosa. A dark blue of the type of Belladonna with the color of the old Formosum variety, but not liable to mildew like the latter and of stronger growth. \$2.50 per 12; \$15.00 per 100.

Chinense. A very pretty variety, with fine, feathery foliage and intense gentian-blue flowers in open panicles. \$2.00 per 12; \$12.00 per 100.

Chinense album. A pure white form of the above. \$2.00 per 12; \$12.00 per 100.

Bellamosa (Improved Formosum). The old favorite dark blue with white center; 3 to 4 feet high. Very vigorous, free-flowering, and one of the best. \$2.50 per 12; \$15.00 per 100.

Hardy Perennial Phloxes

The beauty and usefulness of these grand border plants give them a deservedly first place among hardy plants. For cutting, their large trusses go a long way in floral decoration. In color they range from pure white to the richest crimson and purple, and from soft rose and salmon to bright coral-red, all having a delicate fragrance. Perennial Phloxes succeed in almost any soil enriched with manure, but are

much benefited by a mulching of decomposed manure in spring, and in hot weather an occasional soaking of water. If the first spikes of bloom are removed as soon as over, and the plants given a good soaking of water, they will produce a second supply of flowers, thus continuing the display until late in autumn. These later blooms are often finer than the first.

Field-grown plants, 30c each; \$2.50 per 12; \$15.00 per 100, except where noted.

Albion. Pure white, with a faint red eye.

Athis. Salmon: a splendid tall variety.

Baron van Dedem. Intense scarlet or red; individual flowers and trusses are very large. One of the best varieties.

Champs Elysees. Extra-large trusses of dark purple flowers.

Duguesclin. Deep rose; lilac shading on edge.

Eclaireur. Purple-carmine blooms with a white center.

Elizabeth Campbell. A splendid variety for mass planting. Flowers are light salmon-pink with dark red eye. The best variety introduced in years, both in color of bloom and habit of plant. 35c each; \$3.50 per 12.

F. B. Waldeck. Splendid pure white,

Frau Antoine Buchner. Pure white, or slightly suffused with pink. Kossuth. Deep rose, maroon center.

Frau Buchner. One of the prettiest delicate shades of mauve with crunson eye.

Independence. Vigorous dwarf white.

Mrs. Jenkins. One of the earliest pure white varieties.

Miss Lingard. Early flowering; pure white blooms with a faint lilac eye. Splendid for mass planting, as it will bloom in June and again in September if the old flowers are cut. Not infested with red spider.

N. Smith. Dark crimson.

Obergartner Wittig. Light rose, center lighter, with carmine eye.

Pearl. Pure white; a late blooming sort.

Prof. Schliemann. Lilac-rose with carmine eye.

Rhinelander. Salmon-pink; both flower and truss are immense in size, and the color is intensified by a brilliant carmine eye.

Rynstroom. Rose-pink; flowers and trusses extremely large; possibly the finest Phlox of this color.

Riverton Jewel. Rose, with brilliant carmine or red eye.

R. P. Struthers. Rose-carmine or salmon with crimson eye.

Resemberg. Bright reddish violet with blood-red eye; individual flowers as large as a silver dollar.

W. C. Egan. Extra-fine variety; delicate lilac with solferino eye; 7 to 8 inches across.

Widar. Reddish purple with large white center.

Mixed Varieties. Contains many of the preceding named varieties, but of course they are sent out unlabeled. 20c each; \$2.00 per 12; \$12.00 per 100.

Phlox, Mrs. Jenkins.



A Border of Avalanche Peonies.

Peonies

Few flowers have become more popular in recent years than the Peonies. Even the common old-fashioned sorts possess unusual beauty and make excellent flowers for cutting because of their large blooms and vivid colors. The varieties which have been introduced in the last thirty years are much superior to those previously known. Some of them will attain a diameter of 8 inches or more, while in beauty of form and exquisite coloring they easily surpass any other perennial. Peonies possess another advantage which is important; they require no special care or attention—anyone can grow them successfully. We have long appreciated their possibilities, and our present collection

includes a large number of varieties which we have succeeded in gathering together only after years of effort.

Well-developed root clusters, if planted in August or September, will bloom the following season. We do not offer large undivided clumps as we find that they do not justify their cost. It must be remembered that Peonies seldom bloom satisfactorily the first season after planting; many of the finest double sorts will produce single flowers at this time. The second season after planting it is difficult to tell medium-sized plants from the large undivided clumps sometimes sold; for that reason ordinary size plants produce typical blooms just as soon as luge and expensive root clusters, yet cost much less.

Each	Per 12
Avalanche. Large flowers of perfect shape; milk-	
white, with a creamy center having a few car-	
mine stripes; late and very free-flowering;	
splendid habit. A variety of great distinction	
and beauty\$1.00	\$10.00
Anemonæfiora rubra. Medium-sized blooms of	
brilliant red, with dark crimson carpels. Semi-	
double. Midseason	6.00
Baroness Schroeder. Flesh white fading to milk-	
white; fragrant; large size 2.00	
Couronne d'Or. Pure white blooms with a circle	
of yellow stamens about the center tuft of	
petals, which are tipped with carmine. They	
are quite large and flat, with petals of uniform	
width throughout. This is one of the best white	
varieties and an excellent sort for cutting	7.00
Duchesse de Nemours. A beautiful, fragrant, cup-	
shaped flower, white and sulphur-white. Blooms	
very freely	6.00

Duke of Wellington. Quite large, sulphury white Each	Per 12
blooms, of medium fragrance. Makes a strong,	
vigorous growth and blooms freely\$0.50	\$5.00
Delachei. Large violet-crimson blooms perfectly	
cup-shaped. Unusually good sort. Late mid-	
season	6.00
Edulis Alba. White, center cream white flecked	
crimson	4.00
Edulis Superba. This variety is largely grown to	
supply the demand for Decoration Day Howers;	
the blooms are bright, deep pink, with lighter	
shadings. The plant makes a strong, upright	
growth, and produces blooms very freely. One	
of the best low-priced sorts	7.50
Felix Crousse. Extra-large blooms; quite fra-	
grant. One of the most brilliant red varieties.	
Strong, vigorous plants 1.25	12.00
Floral Treasure. Soft rose, ligules buff, with tufts	
of rose petals in center; carried on long stems;	
distinct and fine: fragrant	6.00



Livingstone.

	Each	Per 12
Festiva. Creamy white blooms, with crimson flecks in the center. Flowers are nearly as large as Festiva Maxima, but the plant is of dwarf habit	20.50	95.00
	06.00	\$5.00
Festiva Maxima. This is probably the best of the low-priced varieties. It produces extremely large white flowers, flecked with crimson in the center. The plant makes a tall, strong growth, and produces its blooms early in the season. Some of the most recently introduced varieties,		
which sell for \$50 or more, are in no way super-	~ -	. 7.00
ior to this sort	. 75	. 7.00
Francis Ortegat. Large, handsome flowers of deep crimson, shaded with amaranth; brilliant yellow anthers	~ =	7.00
	.75	7.00
Gloire de Charles Gombault. A pleasing combination of light rose and creamy white. The blooms are borne in midseason. Quite long, strong stems		
make it a good sort for cutting	1.00	10.00
Gubretae. Single blooms, with large carmine petals, which contrast strongly with the bright		
yellow stamens	.40	1.00
Grandiflora rosea. Blooms are rather flat, but quite large, with delicate fragrance. The color is an extremely light rose, almost white. Late	.60	6.00
John C. Slack. Broad pink guard petals. Petaloids which vary; dainty and charming		0.00
L. Van Houtte. Large flower of lively violet red;		
very brilliant	.60	6.00
Livingstone. Pale lilac-rose, turning to silver at the tips of the petals. Very large, compact flow-		
ers	.75	7.50
Lady Bramwell. Pale lilac-rose, the center petals creamy white at the tips, and sometimes flecked with crimson. Grows vigorously and blooms		
freely. Early midseason	.60	6.00
La Tulipe. Large lilac-white blooms, with crim- son stripings on the outer petals. Fragrant.	100	0.00
Late midseason	.75	7.50
Magnifica. Light pink blooms, quite fragrant.		
Dwarf habit. Late	.60	6.00
cial variety. It produces large, compact flowers, with crimson centers, occasionally tipped with carmine; fragrant. Plants are of medium height and produce the blooms on extra strong stems.		
Very late	.75	7.50

Mme. Coste. A good early sort; light pink guard petals and crimson center	
Marguerite Gerard. Lovely light pink; one of the most exquisitely beautiful Peonies in cultivation. 1.00 Mme. Coste. A good early sort; light pink guard petals and crimson center	
most exquisitely beautiful Peonies in cultivation. 1.00 Mime. Coste. A good early sort; light pink guard petals and crimson center	\$7.50
mme. Crousse, White, tinted pink, center carmine; bordered very lovely	10.00
mme. Crousse, White, tinted pink, center carmine; bordered very lovely	
Mme. de Verneville. Very full, large blooms, pure white center, tinted with pink when first opening, later fading to pure white, although it is frequently fleeked with carmine. Slightly fragrant. A variety which should be in every garden	6.00
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Mons. Jules Elie. An extra-fine early sort of medium fragrance. The blooms are pale lilac-rose, shading to rich amber at the base. The plants make a strong growth, and are generally of medium size. One of the most popular varieties 2.00 Officinalis. A single white sort of great beauty50 Officinalis mutabilis alba. The blooms are light pink on opening, gradually changing to white75 Old Double Crimson. A good sort for massing where a great blanket of color is desired. Blooms quite early	
Mons. Jules Elie. An extra-fine early sort of medium fragrance. The blooms are pale lilac-rose, shading to rich amber at the base. The plants make a strong growth, and are generally of medium size. One of the most popular varieties. 2.00 Officinalis. A single white sort of great beauty50 Officinalis mutabilis alba. The blooms are light pink on opening, gradually changing to white75 Old Double Crimson. A good sort for massing where a great blanket of color is desired. Blooms quite early1.00 Petite Renee. Vary large, semi-double type. The light magenta blooms are borne freely on plants of medium height. Midseason1.50 Prince d'Arensberg. Medium-sized, full double, dark red flowers. Midseason60 Peace Offering. An attractive, semi-double varifety, with light guard petals; light buff center1.50 Queen Victoria. Large, globular bloom, with milk-white guards and cream-white center. Midseason50	6.00
Officinalis. A single white sort of great beauty	0.00
Officinalis mutabilis alba. The blooms are light pink on opening, gradually changing to white	
Officinalis mutabilis alba. The blooms are light pink on opening, gradually changing to white	5.00
on opening, gradually changing to white	• • •
where a great blanket of color is desired. Blooms quite early	7.50
Blooms quite early	
light magenta blooms are borne freely on plants of medium height. Midseason	10.00
Prince d'Arensberg, Medium-sized, full double, dark red flowers, Midseason	
red flowers. Midseason	
red flowers. Midseason	
Peace Offering. An attractive, semi-double variety, with light guard petals; light buff center. 1.50 Queen Victoria. Large, globular bloom, with milk-white guards and cream-white center. Midseason	6.00
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Queen Victoria. Large. globular bloom, with milk-white guards and cream-white center. Midseason	
white guards and cream-white center. Mid- season	
	5.00
Rosea elegans. A splendid pale lilac-rose bloom,	
with a delicate cream-white collar	5.00
Rosea plena superba. Full double blooms; soft pink,	40
or rose 1.00	10.00
Rubra superba. Deep crimson blossoms, large and	
compact. The best very late crimson variety	7.50
Mixed, all colors	3.50



Mme. de Verneville.

German Iris

Probably the Japanese Iris rank first in beauty, but they cannot approach in popularity the German Iris. A great number of new varieties have been introduced in the last decade and many of them are far superior to the older sorts in beauty and size of flowers. Some of these recent introductions, however, are extremely delicate and refuse to bloom except when conditions are "just so." These have been carefully eliminated from our list. The German Irises in our collection may be raised with success by anyone. Give them a good sunny situation and plant the tubers so that they are only about half buried. In the descriptions which follow, the upright petals are referred to as "Standards," while those which droop are known as "Falls."

Aurea.	Both	standards	and	falls a	re rich	
chron	ie-yel	low. The	blooms	are la	rge and	
perfec	et in	form		50c	each	55.00

Canary	Bird.	The	general	effect	of	the		
			w; both				1.50	10.00
Cannica	Rosv	red	standard	q. fall	9. (of a		

					handsome			
	2 feet	• • • • •				• • • • •	2.50	15.0
De	n Carlo	s. Bli	16	standar	ds: falls	velvetv		

Don Carlos	. Blue	standards;	19118	ververy		
reddish	purple .			• • • • •	1.50	10.00
Florentina.	Somet	imes kno	wn as	Silver	P	34

12.00

12.00

.00

Frorentina.						5%
King. F	ragrant,	crear	my w	vhite	blooms,	and.
slightly early in						2.00
		-			4	

Florentina	purpur	ea. Bl	lue sta	ındaro	is and	
velvety	purple	falls,	togeth	er v	vith a	
bright	yellow	beard,	make	this	bloom	
verv a	ttractive					2.0

_					
Gracohus.	Crimson	falls	veined	with	
white,	standards ;	yellow.	An ext	ra-fine	
early s	ort. 18 inc	ches			2.50

early so	ort. 18	inches .				2.50	15.00
Haifdan.	Both s	tandards	and	falls	are		
creamy	white;	the hl	$_{ m ooms}$	are	quite		
larga						9 00	19 00

101.00		-
Her Majesty. Standards and falls rose-pink.		
A variety of great distinction and beauty.		
22 inches	3.50	
Annahana Dana subita blooms of smat sine		

	-								
Ingebor	g. Pu	ire v	white	bloom	s of	grea	t size.		
The	petals	of	this	variety	ar	e 2	inches		
wide.	An	extr	emely	beaut	iful	varie	ety	1.50	10.00
Jeanne	d'Arc.	Α	splei	idid p	ure	white	e sort.	50c	
anah			_					Q 5	0.0

	,	
Lohengrin. Standards and falls are soft cattleya-		
rose; extremely large blooms35c each	3.50	
Loreley. Falls are deep blue, bordered with crim-		
con, ctandarde are light vellow 250 each	2 50	

ereau. White, delicately frilled with a		
 of clear blue. A most beautiful va- 32 inches	1.50	10.00
Rich, deep purple; the finest of its Excellent for cutting	2.00	12.00

Mrs. Horace Darwin. General effect white, although		
the upper parts of the falls are veined with gold		
and violet; golden beard. 24 inches	2.25	14.00
Mrs. Alan Gray. Both standards and falls are a deli-		
cate pale rose-mauve	2.50	15.00

cate pa	ale	rose-mauve	2.50
		Standards fawn-yellow; falls violet-	
purple.	Ex	stremely large bloom50c each	5.00
Pollida D	alma	stine Lawandar standards and alaan	

Pallida	Dalmatica.	Laver	ider stan	dards an	d clear
deep	lavender	falls.	Most	effective	when
plante	ed in mass	es; an	excellent	variety	for cut
flowe	rs			35c	each

flower	's	35c	each	3.50
	Victoria Louise. Sulphury			
ards;	falls plum color, bordered	with cr	eam	
		$\dots 35\mathrm{c}$	each	3.50

Queen of Ma			2.50	15.
Rhein Nixe. with white	tandards, f Large bloon			

	500	each	5.00	
Walhalla.	Both standards and falls are	blue and		
purple.	Strong grower and free-bloom	er	2.00	13.00



Clump of German Iris.

						Per	12	100-
Unnamed	Mixed	Varieties.	Α	great	number	of		
differen	t sorts	of various	cole	ors and	styles.	Ex-		
cellent	for larg	e plantings	and	landsc	ape work	1	.50	10.00

Siberian Iris

Narrow, grassy foliage and tall, flat stems make the Irises of this class the most delicate and ornamental of the whole family. They are especially desirable for borders, or for marking lines, etc., their slender graceful foliage and delicately poised blossoms holding a distinctive beauty that is peculiar to them. They are very persistent and will thrive even in blue-grass sod. Coming into bloom just at the close of the bearded Iris season, they flower quite freely and are extensively used for naturalizing and waterside plantings.

Per 12	100
Alba. White shading to yellow at the base of the petals\$2.00	\$12.00
Distinction. Blue standards; white falls veined blue	14.00
Orientalis. Sometimes known as Iris sanguinea. Very brilliant blue flowers; the buds are enclosed in a crimson spathe and are decidedly ornamental	13.00
Orientalis, Blue King. Handsome, clear blue flowers with attractive markings at the base 2.00	13.00
Orientalis, Snow Queen. Large ivory-white flowers produced in great abundance 2.50	15.00
Orientalis superba. Large violet-blue flowers: fo-	

liage extends almost to the height of the flowers 2.00

13.00

Japanese Iris

Although Japanese Irises have been grown in this country for forty to fifty years, they have never attained the popularity of the German type. One reason for this is that they have been a little more expensive, and certainly an additional reason is that their beauty has never been adequately shown nor fully appreciated. Without doubt, the Japanese Irises are the most gorgeous of all the perennials.

The Irises of this class have no standards; the petals are borne at right angles to the stalk and droop most attractively at the tips of the petals. They will grow in any ordinary garden soil, but amply repay efforts to suit their dispositions. Extra-good soil, and daily watering for a month before and during the blooming season will produce truly remarkable blooms. Some of them have been known to attain a diameter of 12 inches. Be sure to make your Iris bed in as sunny a spot as possible.

Our original importation of Japanese Irises has been added to each year, as new sorts have originated. We think that our present collection contains the finest and most beautiful varieties in the world. As most of the original Japanese names are impossible to remember and even more impossible to pronounce, we have renamed many of the varieties in our list.



Siberian Iris (See page 17).



Japanese Iris.		
	er 12	100
H. Von Siebold. Center pure white, with violet red border 35c each.	\$3.50	\$20.0U
Hermione. (103). Single. White, maroon center, petals penciled	, 0.00	φ.20.00
with blue	2.50	15.00
Katherine. (2). Double white, striped and suffused with ma-		
genta, yellow base 35c each	3.50	20.00
Mahogany. Dark red, shaded with maroon, quite double. 60c each	6.00	
Mont Blanc. (1). Double. Pure white; large and fine. One of		
the finest of the white varieties	3.50	20.00
Mrs. Higginson. Single bright reddish maroon, center white		
50c each,.	5.00	
Prince Camille de Rohan. Light purple shaded with violet; center		
deep purple. Quite double 40c each	4.00	28.00
Pyramid. Double. Violet-purple veined, white in center of each		
petal	2.50	15.00
Red Riding Hood. Amaranth, with white veins and white shadings.		
35c each	3.50	20.00
T. S. Ware. Reddish violet with white pencilings; center is white	0.50	00.00
and slightly tinted with crimson		20.00 25.00
Venus. A pure white single variety of great beauty35c each	3.50	25.00
Victor. White, veined with purple. The center is violet-purple. Ouite double	3.50	20.00
Wm. F. Dreer. (52). Double. White, penciled with lavender		20.00
W. J. Matheson. (3). Double. Reddish plum, base of petals yel-	3.00	20.00
low; large and fine	3.50	20.00
All Colors, Mixed		13.00



Lilacs.

New Lilacs on Their Own Roots

Of late years there has been a multitude of new varieties of Lilacs grown, and some of them have very great beauty; but unfortunately, almost all the stock offered, both in this country and Europe, has been budded on privet and is practically worthless, for Lilacs grown on this are certain to die in a few years. Nurserymen bud Lilacs on privet because they can produce a large stock quickly and inexpensively; but one Lilac on its own roots is worth a score of budded plants.

Ten years ago we bought all the available stock of choice named Lilacs on their own roots in Europe, and since then we have been both growing and buying until we have a very large and fine stock, and the only stock of named Lilacs grown on their own roots in America. On account of their starting into growth so early in spring, Lilacs do best when planted in the fall.

Strong plants, except where noted, \$1.75 each; \$17.00 per doz.

Charles Joly. Double; blackish-red; distinct and extra fine.

Madam Antoine Buchner. Clusters often more than a foot in length; buds carmine-pink, flowers tender rose tinted malva; late flowering.

Miss Ellen Willmot. A splendid new double white, small plants.

Pres. Loubert. Large purple flowers with red buds.

Pres. Poincare. Double enormous compact head of flowers, claret-mauve with purple buds. Splendid.

Thunberg. Double, compact flowers, deep mauve.

Vestali. Enormous panicles, large flowers perfectly shaped. Pure white,

Victor Lemoine. Double, malva lilac.

Alphonse Lavalle. Double; clear lilac.

Madame Lemoine. Superb; double, white. \$1.50 each.

Marie Legraye. Large panicles of white flowers. The best white lilac. \$1.25 each.

Michael Buchner. Dwarf plant; very double; pale lilac.

Pres. Carnot. Double, lilac tint, marked in center with white; extra large, fine truss.

Pres. Grevy. Double, vinous violet.

Villosa Lutea. A late-flowering species, blooming a month later than other varieties, with cream-colored flowers; extremely free-flowering and effective. Makes a large, splendid specimen. \$1.00 each

Lamartine. Large panicles of mauve-rose flowers. Very early.

Jeanne d'Arc. Double, large flowered. White.

Charles X. Large shining leaves, and great trusses of reddish purple flowers.

Viviand Morel. Extra long spikes of large double flowers of light bluish-lilac, with white center.

Violetta. Huge panicles of violet flowers.

promitted to the season

Some **Notable Hardy Plants**

Clematis Paniculata

This handsome hardy climber is one of the choicest and most satisfactory climbing flowering plants we know. The plant is of strong, rapid growth, with small, dense, cheerful green foliage, giving it a grace and elegance possessed by no other hardy climber. and, even did it not flower at all, it would be one of the most The flowers appear in the greatest profusion desirable vines. during August and continue until late in the fall, are of white color and most deliciously fragrant. The plant succeeds in almost any position; not only is it well adapted to run up all kinds of supports, but it is just as useful for planting among rockwork, sloping banks, or, in fact, in any position where a graceful vine is desired. Each Per 12

2-year-old\$0.35 3-year-old, extra strong50 \$3.50 \$25.00

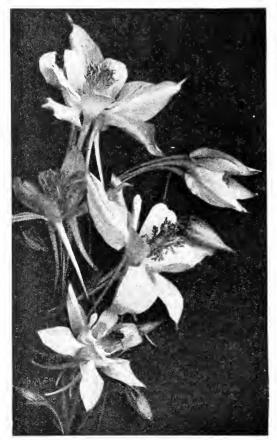
Pentstemon Barbatus Torreyi (Beard Tonque)

An excellent variety of this American plant that is used chiefly for garden borders. The flowers, which are scarlet or crimson and orange, are produced freely in July and August. \$2.25 per 12; \$14.00 per 100.

Hardy English Primrose (Primula Vulgaris)

One of the loveliest sights in all England are the hardy primroses in blocm in orchard and meadows in early spring. many cases the ground is carpeted with their levely canary-yel-

low flowers which are delightfully fragrant. They are equally hardy here, and nothing can be more delightful, either for naturalizing in orchard, meadow, along a brook or planting in borders or along the edge of a shrubbery border. \$2.00 per 12; \$13.00 per 100.



Aquilegia.





Stokesia Cyanea

(The Cornflower, or Stokes' Aster)

A most charming and beautiful native hardy plant. The plant grows from 18 to 24 inches high, bearing freely, from

early in July until late in October, its handsome lavender-blue centaurea-like blossoms, which measure from 4 to 5 inches across. It is of the easiest culture, succeeding in any open sunny position, and not only it is desirable as a single plant in the hardy border, but it can also be used with fine effect in masses or beds of any size. 25c each; \$2.50 per 12; \$15.00 per 100.

Alba. Pure white variety of above. 25c each; \$2.50 per 12; \$15.00 per 100.

Aquilegia

All of the single, long-spurred Aquilegias, or Columbines, are extremely beautiful, and a collection of them should be a feature in every garden. Foremost among these choice plants are our native Aquilegias. If these and other choice bardy plants were as well known as bedding plants, the day of geraniums, coleus, and other commonplace plants would soon be over. The flowers of these Aquilegias are most lovely and delicate, ranging from white to crimson, including shades of blue and yellow. The exquisite Rocky Mountain Columbine, Aquilegia cœrulea, is one of the loveliest flowers in cultivation, and it and Aquilegia canadensis, which grows wild so plentifully in many localities, are both fine for naturalizing and will thrive if planted in the grass of meadows and allowed to take care of themselves. They are also fine for the formal garden. Assorted varieties, our selection. For complete list of varieties, see general list of hardy plants page 25.



Polyanthus, or Cowslip.

Foxglove - Digitalis

In England the Foxglove grows wild, but, notwithstanding this, it is a great garden favorite, as it weil deserves to De. For stately and picturesque beauty it is not to be surpassed and, planted in masses in the garden among shrubs or naturalized on the edge of woods, in the orchard or along brooks, it is extremely effective and satisfactory. Strictly speaking, it is a biennial, but, as it renews itself from selfsown seed, it may be treated as a perennial. Mr. Falconer has naturalized thousands of Foxgloves in Schenley Park, and nothing he has planted attracts more attention and admiration. Planted in the fall, Foxgloves will



Dianthus Barbatus— Sweet William.

bloom well the following season. I offer a fine lot of strong plants, grown from the best strains obtainable in Europe.

Per 12	100
purpurea gloxiniæfiora. The white blooms are spotted with shades of white, rose and purple\$2.00	\$13.00
lutea. Perennial. A rather dwarf variety with yellow flowers	15.00
maculata superba. A French introduction. Large flowers spotted with red, blue, purple, and similar shades	13.00
purpurea. The old-fashioned purple Foxglove. The flower-spikes are from 4 to 7 feet tall, coming to perfection in July	13.00
purpurea alba. White form of purpurea 2.00	13.00

HARDY PLANTS-Continued

Polyanthus, or Cowslip

This charming spring-blooming plant belongs to the Primrose family, the hardy varieties of which are so very popular in England, but are rarely seen in this country, owing partly to an impression that they cannot be grown in this climate. This is a mistake, as they do very well here. For the front of the borders and shrubbery, for spring bedding, and for naturalizing in moist and partly shaded places nothing can be finer. The coloring in the flowers is especially rich and fine. At this writing we have a long border of these plants in bloom in our garden, and nothing gives us greater pleasure. They are so charming in habit, rich and varied in coloring, and so early to bloom, coming with the spring-flowering bulbs, that nothing can be more acceptable. freely for decorating the dining-table and library windows, taking plants up from the border and putting them in fern-dishes and pots, where they go on blooming as if they had never been disturbed. Their hardiness has been pretty well settled by the severe winter of 1911 and 1912. The minimum temperature at our country place was 24 degrees below zero. Not a single Polyanthus was injured, and they were planted in wet soil at that.

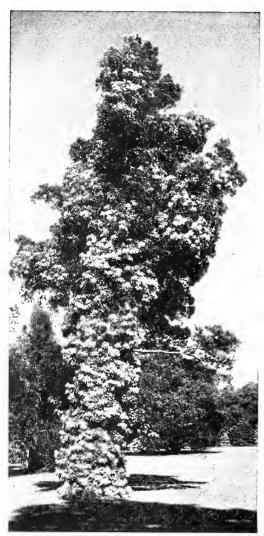
Large-flowered White. An improved variety with very large flowers; very fine. 20c each; \$1.50 per 12; \$10.00 per 100. Large flowered, mixed, \$1.50 per 12; \$10.00 per 100.

Dianthus Barbatus - Sweet William

That old-fashioned favorite, the Sweet William, has almost disappeared from our gardens; more's the pity, for its place has been taken by plants of far less beauty. The Sweet William is a fine old plant which produces great masses of bloom of extremely rich and varied colors. The flowers are very lasting and fine for cutting. The plants offered are grown from the finest strains to be obtained in England. We offer them in Pink, White, Crimson, Scarlet or Mixed Colors. Fine, large plants, 20c each; \$2.00 per 12; \$13.00 per 100.



Foxglove-Digitalis.



Climbing Hydrangea.

Improved Gaillardias

We consider the Gaillardia one of the most beautiful and desirable hardy plants in cultivation, and believe our strain of these brilliantflowered plants to be the finest extant. We offer

these plants for less than they have ever been soid for, either in this country or Europe. Though such an ornamental addition to the herbaceous border, the perennial Gaillardia is content with extremely simple treatment. Dig the soil deeply and enrich with well-rotted manure. We recommend the Gaillardia for bedding purposes as well as for borders. Give a moderate amount of room and peg down, and a grand effect is to be obtained. Every one will have noticed how grandly Gaillardias have thriven through the recent drought; they seem hardly to need water, but we recommend watering liberally to insure the finest flowers. The Gaillardia which Kelway & Son have been so successful in improving and popularizing is, of course, simply invaluable as a cut-flower, on account of its being so lasting when gathered and so brilliant and beautiful. The gay blossoms are obtainable in perpetual profusion from June to November, and the greater the drought and scarcity of other flowers the more the utility of the perennial Gaillardia is demonstrated. No more brilliant and beautiful sight can be imagined than a large bed of Gaillardias, with their profusion of highly colored flowers of all shades. Some of the varieties of this improved strain measure fully 5 inches in diameter. Mr. Robinson, in the English Flower Garden recommends that they should be planted in bold groups, and remarks that no plants have finer effect in a bed by themselves, and we quite agree with him. Extra strong, fine plants, in a splendid assortment of colors, which will be sure to give complete satisfaction. \$2.25 per 12; \$14.00 per 100.

Aubrietia Deltoides Purpurea

An evergreen trailing plant with silvery foliage. Many lovely purplish flowers in spring and early summer. \$2.50 per 12; \$15.00 per 100.

Climbing Hydrangea

We have at last succeeded in getting a stock of the rare Schizophragma Hydrangeoides, known as the Climbing Hydrangea. It is one of the rarest and most beautiful vines, having flowers similar to Hydrangea Hortensia. Fing strong, pot-grown plants \$1.00 each; \$10.00 per 12.

Thalictrum Aquilegifolium

This is undoubtedly one of the most desirable hardy plants in cultivation. Its fine habit, beautiful foliage and masses of lovely flowers, varying from white to purple through all intermediate shades, makes it one of the most handsome things than can be planted. A graceful plant of much charm and distinction Height 2 to 3 feet; blooms in May and June. \$2.50 per 12; \$15.00 per 100.



Anchusa Italica.



Gaillardia.

Anchusa Italica, Dropmore Variety.

One of the most important hardy plants of recent introduction, and a grand improvement on the original type of A. Italica, or Italian Alkanet, and a plant which, on account of its remarkable freedom of flowering and its beautiful blue color, is sure to become one of our most popular hardy perennials. It attains a height of 5 to 6 feet, and produces its pretty blue flowers, which are from 1 to 1½ inches in diameter, throughout the entire summer. \$2.50 per 12; \$15.00 per 100.



Thalictrum Aquilegifolium.

PERENNIAL PLANTS-Continued

Hardy Salvias

Azurea. A Rocky Mountain species; grows 3 to 4 feet high, producing during August and September pretty sky-blue flowers in the greatest profusion. \$2.50 per 12; \$15.00 per 100.

Virgata nemorosa. A new and interesting plant for the hardy border, forming a rosette of large foliage, from which the flower-spikes arise, bearing many-flowered whorls of dark blue blossoms; the unexpanded bids are light violetblue, forming a harmonious and pleasing color combination. It continues in flower for about six weeks during the early summer months. Grows 18 inches high. 25c each; \$2.50 per 12.

Hardy Garden Pinks

These pinks are very hardy, and bloom with wonderful freedom in May and June. The flowers are greatly varied in color and marking and are deliciously fragrant. They should be included in every garden. Care must be taken not to

cover the foliage with manure or other mulching, in the fall, as it will cause them to rot.

Dianthus Plumarius. A charming single Pink, with fringed petals. Flowers all of light colors, but greatly varied in markings. Mixed colors, \$2.00 per 12; \$12.00 per 100.

Dianthus Plumarius semperflorens. Similar to the above, but darker colors in a great variety of shades and markings; charming. Mixed colors, \$2.00 per 12; \$12.00 per 100.



Hardy Garden Pinks.

Scabiosa

japonica. An introduction from Japan, with lavender or blue flower, 1 to 1½ inches in diameter, 2 to 3 feet. June to September. \$2.50 per 12; \$15.00 per 100.



Salvia Azurea.

PYRETHRUMS

The Pyrethrums are so simply and easily cultivated that they may be recommended to all who possess a garden, whether small or large. They are perfectly hardy and absolutely invaluable for cut-flowers through the summer and autumn months. The flowers are bright and elegantly borne on long stems; most convenient for vase decoration. In form the double varieties are somewhat aster- or chrysanthemum-like, and as their chief beauty is in the months of May and June, they may well be designated Spring Chrysanthemums, possessing the advantage over the chrysanthemums of being able to withstand the severest winter without protection. The single-flowered varieties are veritable colored marguerites and possess a range of color and hardiness that marguerites might envy in vain. Nothing can surpass the Pyrethrum for profusion of flowers in the season; flowers succeed flowers without stint, and the blossoms are not injured by storm or sun. Their position should be in the border or in beds. The plants may, with advantage, be cut down after June, which will keep up a greater succession of bloom through the autumn. Pyrethrums grow freely in any ordinary garden soil; a good rich loam suits them, perhaps,

best, and in order to secure size, brilliancy and number of flowers, plenty of ordinary well-rotted manure may be added to well-trenched, well-drained soil, and plenty of water may be given when they are in bud in the dry summer weather. A mulching may be applied in dry localities with advantage. The older varieties have been greatly improved upon during the past ten or fifteen years, which is the period during which Kelway & Son nave made them a specialty, and the refined shape and brilliant or soft shades of the newer sorts have caused the Pyrethrum to become deservedly popular. We offer a splendid lot of plants of the choicest single varieties grown from Kelway's famous strains. All Colors Mixed, \$2.50 per 12; \$15.00 per 100.



Pyrethrums.



Hardy Herbaceous Perennials

Until hardy plants come into general use, we cannot hope for artistic, interesting, and beautiful gardens in this country. People of taste and culture are realizing the ugliness of the stereotyped bedding with lines of color, and will no longer allow their lawns to be dauhed with a flower-garden like a colored lithograph, although many of our public parks are still guilty of this atrocious work. With the material offered in this list, the most beautiful and interesting gardens are to be made, gardens that increase in interest and beauty year after year; gardens that change their aspect with every change of season. To make garden with hardy plants and shrubs requires far more taste and knowledge than it does to make one with a few varieties of hedding plants generally used, but the majority of gardeners do not have this knowledge, and have no idea of proper arrangement. But the garden of hardy plants has this advantage; the individual heauty of the plants themselves is so great that a garden cannot fail to be interesting and lovely, no matter how hadly arranged, if the cultural skill is sufficient to bring them to perfection. One of the most effective ways of using hardy plants is to plant in a wide border in front of a hedge or shrubbery. The trouble with this arrangement is that the roots of the shrubs or hedge get into the border and roh the plants of a large share of their food. This can easily be prevented by placing a sunken wall of concrete between the hedge or shrubbery and horder. This wall need be only 2 feet deep and 4 inches thick, and is inexpensively constructed of gravel and cement. Another very effecive arrangment is two broad horders through the vegetable-garden, with a broad grass-walk hetween them. The effect will be enhanced by building trellises back of the borders and covering them with climbing roses or flowering vines.

Cultivation is of the simplest: beginning with any good garden

Cultivation is of the simplest: beginning with any good garden soil, dig it deeply and enrich with old rotted stable manure. The best time to plant hardy perennials is when they are just starting into growth in the spring or early in the fall. The soil should he comparatively dry when plants are set out. Avoid wet planting. Do not make the mistake of planting too thickly. The nearest approach to a rule which may be followed in planting is to set out plants which grow to a height of 2 feet or less, 12 inches apart, and all taller one-half their height. For example, Aquilegia and Coreopsis, which grow 2 feet high, may he planted 12 inches apart, while Delphinium formosum and Japanese Iris, which grow 3 feet high, should be 18 inches apart.

During the summer, the soil about the plants should be frequently stirred and weeds kept down. During hot, dry weather, or when it is not convenient to water, a mulch of any loose, light material is very beneficial in retaining the moisture and preventing the ground from baking. Grass clippings from the lawn are excellent material for this purpose.

About the middle of November, or later, when all soft growth has been killed and the plants are thoroughly ripened, the old hardwooded stems should be removed and hurned. Then cover the plants with 2 or 3 inches, not more, of loose, strawy stable manure. Care must be taken, however, not to cover the foliage of evergreen plants such as Phlox subulata, Hardy Pinks, and Candytufts, as such a covering would cause the foliage to rot and kill the plants.

Most hardy plants which flower during the spring or early summer months, such as Peonies, Anthericums, Dielytras, Funkias, German Iris, etc., are better left undivided and undisturhed for several years, but they should be given a liberal dressing of stable manure or other fertilizer every spring. The late-flowering plants, like Phloxes, Helianthus, Rudbeckias, Asters, Boltonias, Physostegias, etc., are better for being replanted at least every two years. The Japanese Anemones are an exception; they should be allowed to remain undisturbed, for several years.

Special Offers of Hardy Plants in Variety

Plants in the following collections will be of the best and most desirable varieties and of the best quality, but in every instance the selection of varieties is to be made by us; but if purchasers will state the things they have, or don't wish, they will not be included in the selection. Sometimes people write asking for a list of the plants contained in these collections. This cannot be given, so please save us the unpleasantness of refusing by not asking for it.

OFFER NO. 1.	25 first class Hardy Plants in variety for\$ 4.00
OFFER NO. 2.	50 first-class Hardy Plants in variety for
OFFER NO. 3.	100 first-class Hardy Plants in varied assortment of hest species and varieties 13.00
OFFER NO. 4.	500 Hardy Plants, same as above, but in larger variety, for
OFFER NO. 5.	1 000 Hardy Plants same as above but in much larger variety, for

In the following list, height and time of blooming are indicated as follows: Figures following the letter H indicate height in feet; figures following the letter F indicate the number of month or months the plants bloom in. This is only approximate, as height and time of flowering vary with soils and seasons.

Plants suitable for growing in the shade are marked *; for growing in partial shade are marked †.

Prices quoted are for not less than half the quantities named, but single plants will be furnished at following low rates: Plants at \$1.75 and \$2 per 12, 20c each; plants at \$2.50 per 12, 25c each; plants at \$3 per 12, 30c each; plants at \$4 per 12, 40c each; plants at \$5 per 12, 50c each.

HARDY HERBACEOUS PERENNIALS—Continued.

Per 12 10	0 Per 12	100
ACHILLEA ægyptica. Sulphur-yellow flowers; silvery gray foliage; very neat. H 1-3, F 6-8\$2.00 \$14.0 Millefolium roseum. Red flowers produced in profusion for a long season; little known here, but very popular in England. H 1-3, F	faralia fara	
4-10	flowering plant which will thrive in a dry	r 0
*ACONITUM napellus (Monkshood). Beautiful but poisonous plant with blue flowers. H 2,	ARMERIA cephalotes 2.25 1	$\frac{5.0}{4.0}$
F 7	formosa	4.0
ACTAEA rubra. Baneberry. Showy spike of clustered white flowers from April to June, followed by bright red berries in autumn. 1-2 feet	ARRHENATHERUM bulbosum variegatum. A neat and distinct new variegated grass which should prove very attractive in the rock-gar-	4.0
ÆGOPODIUM Podagraria variegata. A rapid- growing plant, with neat green and yellow variegated foliage, thriving in any soil; makes	ARTEMISIA Abrotanum (Old Man; Southern Wood). Dark green, finely cut foliage; aromatic cdor 2.50	
a fine border for a bed of shrubs or for covering waste ground. H 1 2.50 15.0 AGROSTEMMA coronaria. Beautiful rich crim-	lactiflora. Stately plant with feathery white flowers. If 6-8, F 9-10	
son flowers. H 1½, F 7	o in. 2.25 1 ASCLEPIAS incarnata. Rosy pink flowers; very desirable. H 2-3, F 7-9	3.0
coronaria bicolor. White and red	and finest hardy plants grown. H 1-2, F 7-9.2.50 1 ASTER alpinus. Very dwarf variety with large	5.0
AJUGA reptans atropurpurea. Large spikes of purplish blue flowers in May. Valuable plant for the rockery and for carpeting the ground in shady places where grass will not grow 2.50 14.0	showy purplish flowers in May and June	
ALYSSUM saxatile compactum. Masses of golden yellow flowers. Invaluable for spring flowering. H 1, F 4 2.50 15.0	novæ-angliæ rubra. The best of the American "Hardy Asters;" very showy. H 3-4, F 9-10 2.25 1	4.0 4.0
† NEMONE Japonica alba. White. H 3-5, F 9-10 2.50 18.0 flaponica, Queen Charlotte. Large, semi-double flowers of lovely shade of pink	Very showy. H 4-5, F 8-925c each 2.50 novi-belgii, Elia. Large delicate mauve flowers, with golden center; profuse bloomer; extra	4.0
†Japonica, Whirlwind. New semi-double variety. White. H 3-5, F 9-10 2.50 18.0	nevi-belgii Feme White Bowers medium	
These charming Japanese Anemones are among the most heautiful things in cultivation. They are perfectly hardy, and in strong, rich soil will grow 4 to 5 feet high. They are a mass of beautiful white or pink bloom from late summer until heav frosts. They should be in every garden, and on large place should be planted by the hundred. Plant early in September of spring in heavy soil and partial shade.	height	4.00
ANEMONE pennsylvanica. A beautiful native	4, F 9 2.25	
Anemone. Fine for naturalizing. H 1½, F 6.\$2.25 \$14.0 ANTHEMIS Kelwayi. Soft, clear yellow. H 1½,	F 9-10	4.0
*AQUILEGIA alpina superba. Blue and white 2.25 14.0 cærulea (Rocky Mountain Columbine). The most beautiful of all Columbines; one of the most charming hardy flowers in cultivation. H 1½, F 4-5	crossing A. Davidii with A. japonica compacta, A. astilboides, and A. Thunhergii. The plants are of very vigorous growth, 2½ to 4 feet high, producing many-branched, feathered beads of flowers.	
cærulea lutea. New; large, light yellow flowers. H 1-2, F 4-5	Ceres. Rosy lilac	
F 5	0 PAPTISIA australia (False Indigo) Dark green.	
†chrysantha alba. A white variety of the above. 2.25 14.0 †glandulosa. Splendid dwarf variety, with lovely blue and white flowers 2.25 14.0 1	howers. H 2, F 6-7 2.00	2.00 8.00
trunoata. Scarlet and yellow: dwarf; very carly 2.50 tyulgaris. Old-fashioned double Columbine 2.00 13.0	BERGAMOT. See Monarda. BOCCONIA cordata. Large, broad, striking leaves;	
ARABIS alpina. Forms a dense carpet, completely covered with pure white flowers in early spring. Fine for rockwork and edging 2.50 15.0	tropical effects. H 5-7, F 7-8 2.50 18 Giralda. A handsome new variety with large	5.00
alpina fi. pl. Double form of the above; very lasting and beautiful	white flowers 2.50	5.00

HARDY HERBACEOUS PERENNIALS-Continued.

Per 12	100	p.	er 12 10	00
BOLTONIA asteroides. Pure white; very effective. H 3-4, F 9-10	\$13.00	*COREOPSIS grandificra. An improved variety with large, bright yellow flowers; one of the best hardy plants in cultivation. Fine for cut		00
lovely; blooms late in fall. Highly recommended. It 3-4	15.00	flowers. H 2-3, F 5-7 verticillata. Masses of small golden yellow		
CALIMERIS incisifolia. A graceful little plant with finely cut foliage, and is the prettiest of all single white daisy flowers; blooms all summer and is distinct and fine 2.00	13.00	flowers; finely cut foliage. H 2-3, F 7-8 CORON!LLA varia. Compact sheets of beautiful pink bloom. H 1, F 5-10		.00
campanula (Bellflower). The Campanula genus is one of the largest and choicest. The varieties are all of elegant habit and should be represented in every garden carpatica. Dwarf; light blue. H ¾, F 62.50 carpatica alba. Dwarf white	15.00	CYPRIPEDIUM acaule. Pink pubescens. Large; yellow sportabile. The most beautiful hardy orchid, and one of the most lovely flowers in the world; does well in a shady location50c each DAY LILY, WHITE. See Funkia. Yellow. See Hemerocallis.	3.00	
flowers 2.00 Mariesii grandiflora. Large white and purple	13.00	DIANTHUS deltoides. A creeping Pink of great		
flowers; desirable 2.00	13.00	beauty.		,00
Medium (Canterbury Bells). One of the show- iest and prettiest of garden plants; but being		Her Majesty. A fine hardy white Pink		.00
only a biennial, dies after hlooming. Should be planted in spring	15.00 15.00	Juliette. White, laced crimson		.00
persicifolia alba. White flowers; a grand border plant. H 1-3, F 7		*DICENTRA eximia. Beautiful fern-like foliage; blooms all summer. H ¾-1½, F 4-8	3.00	
F 7		DRACOCEPHALUM Ruyschianum. Dark violetblue; neat border plant. H 2, F 6	2.50 15	.00
CANTERBURY BELLS. See Campanula Medium.		EP:MEDIUM (Barrenwort) A genus of dwarf-		
CARDINAL FLOWER. See Lobelia. CASSIA marylandica. Handsome pinnate foliage and numerous racemes of showy yellow flowers; extremely desirable plant of the easiest culture. H 4-5, F 7 2.00	13.00	growing plants with leathery foliage and panicles of lovely white, yellow and lilac-colored flowers. The foliage of all the varieties offered below assumes the most beautiful tints of color in autumn. Iilacea. Beautiful lilac		.00
CENTAUREA babylonica. Showy yellow flowers; suitable for planting in shrubberies and large borders. H 6-10, F 7	15.00	Musschianum. Creamy white niveum. Pure white sulphureum. Light yellow ERIGERON speciosus. (Fleabane). Somewhat like the native aster, but blooms much earlier.	2.50 15	.00
covered with small white flowers; very desirable for carpeting or edging borders and beds; silvery white foliage, which is very attractive throughout the season	15.00	Rich colors, varying from rose to violet and purple. 1 to 2 feet. Midsummer ERYSIMUM pulchellum. Dwarf plant like a wall-flower		.00
	10.00	EULALIA. The Eulalias are splendid grasses for making beds and groups for tropical effects.		
CHRYSANTHEMUM, Hardy Pompon Varieties. H 2-3, F 10-11 2.00	13.00	gracillima. Very graceful. H 5-7	2.00 13.	.00
Hardy Large-Flowered Varieties. These and the		Japonica. H 5-7		.00
preceding varieties are the old-fashioned Chrysanthemums that used to be in every garden. They are perfectly hardy, and make a brave show of color late in the fall, after all other flowers are gone. H 3-4, F 10-11 2.50	15.00	Japonica variegata. H 5-7 EUPATORIUM purpureum. A splendid native plant, growing 6 to 10 feet high, with immense heads of purplish pink flowers; fine for natur-	2.00 13.	.00
leucanthemum (Shasta Daisy). Advertised as a California wonder 2.00	13.00	alizing along streams and ponds, and for		
*maximum, Princess Henry. A variety with very large white flowers	13.00	planting among shrubbery. F 7-9 EUPHORBIA corollata. A choice native plant	2.00 13.	.00
Speaker. The largest of the Maximum varieties; immense showy flowers 2.00		with white flowers; largely used by florists for cut-flowers	2.00 13.	.00
CIMICIFUGA racemosa simplex. Most valuable by reason of its extreme late-flowering, beginning		EVENING PRIMROSE. See OEnothera.		
in September and attaining full perfection about the middle of October, a time when flowers are scarce. Its flowering stems are from 2½ to 3 feet high, terminated with a dense spike of white flowers, which, when cut, last in perfection a long time		FESTUCA glauca. A very dwarf grass with pretty blue foliage; fine for edging FUNKIA Acki. Large glaucous green leaves *aurea maculata. Young foliage in early spring	2.00 13.	
		is of a bright yellow color		
CLEMATIS recta. Large heads of pure white flowers		*cærulea (Blue Day Lily). H 2½, F 7 *Sieboldii. One of the finest of hardy plants on account of its splendid foliage. H 2-3, F 7-8		.00
a climber, and has beautiful blue flowers and handsome foliage; very desirable 2.50		*subcordata (White Day Lily). H 11/2, F 5-8		
integrifolia. Large purple flowers in great pro- fusion in July and August		*variegata. Variegated foliage, blue flowers. H 1, F 5		.00

HARDY HERBACEOUS PERENNIALS-Continued. HARDY FERNS. Varieties marked (*) require shade; those Per 12 100 marked (†) succeed in open border. HESPERIS matronalis, Furple (Sweet Rocket). H 2-3, F 6-9\$2.00 *Adiantum pedatum †Onoclea Struthiopteris \$13.00 Matronalis, White 2.00 (Maidenhair Fern). (Ostrich Fern). 13.00 *Aspidium acrostichoides †Osmunda gracilis (Wood Fern) (Flowering Fern). *Aspidium marginale *Aspidium Goldieanum †Osmunda Claytoniana 15.00 (Flowering Fern). (Shield Fern). †Osmunda cinnamomea plants for the border of rockeries. Flowers produced from June to September...... 2.50 sanguinea splendens. Not quite so tall as the preceding variety. Intense crimson flowers.. 2.50 †Asplenium Filix-fœmina (Cinnamon Fern). 15.00 (Lady Fern). †Asplenium Thelypteris †Osmunda regalis (Royal Fern). 15.00 *Wcodwardia angustifolia †Dicksonia punctilobula (Gossamer Fern). (Chain Fern.) *HIBISCUS Moschautos. Bright pink 2.00 13.00 †Onoclea sensibilis †Woodwardia virginica Moscheutos, Crimson Eye. White. H 3-6, F (Sensitive Fern). 8-10 2.50 15.00 Any cf the above Ferns 25c each; \$2.50 per 12; \$15.00 per Mallow Marvels. Enormous single flowers of 100. white, pink and crimson. GENTIANA Andrewsii (Blue Gentian). Pretty native species with blue flowers. H 11/2, F 9.\$2.25 \$14.00 12.00 **GEUM coccineum.** Pretty border plants, growing 18 inches high and producing brilliant scarlet HIERACIUM aurantiacum. A low-growing rapid-spreading plant adapted for dry, sandy spots flowers throughout the summer..... 2.50 for covering steep banks; orange-red flowers. 1.75 atrosanguineum. Orange-scarlet 2.50 HOLLYHOCKS, Eost Double 2.50 15.00 GYPSOPHILA paniculata (Baby's Breath). When in bloom in August and September it forms Best Single 13.00 Allegheny 2.50 14.00 a symmetrical mass 2 to 3 feet in height and as much through, of minute white flowers having a beautiful gauze-like appearance... 2.50 IBERIS corifolia (Candytuft). Large snow-white 15.00 flowers. H ¾ F 5 2.50 sempervirens (Hardy Candytuft). It covers the 15.00 paniculata ficre pleno. Beautiful double variety of above 2.50 ground with a mat of pure white flowers. H scorzonerifolia. Beautiful rose-colored Baby's 15.00 Breath 2.50 15.00 15.00 HELENIUM autumnale superbum. An improved INULA Helenium. Free-flowering border plants with yellow flowers. H 2, F 6-8..... 2.50 LATHYRUS latifolius albus (White Everlasting Pea). These Everlasting Peas are but little known in this country, but are great favorites HELIANTHEMUM mutabile (Sun Rose). Charm-14.00 in England. They are extremely showy and fine 2.50 latifolius splendens. Bright pink 2.50 15.00 HELIANTHUS. The hardy Sunflowers are among the most desirable of hardy plants. They are free-flowering over a long season, are very LAVENDER. The well-known garden herb.... 2.00 13.00 decorative in the garden, and are fine for cutting. All have bright yellow flowers. giganteus. Pale yellow flowers, 3 inches across; **LIATRIS callilepsis.** A new variety of Liatris, similar to Pycnostachya, but dwarfer and 13.00 blooms a month earlier. A valuable introduc-13.00 14.00 single yellow flowers; fine for cutting. H root). A hardy plant native to the eastern part 13.00 of the United States. Stems are rather slender. 2 to 3 feet high with many deep red blooms. 2.00 13.00 most stately and elegant hardy plants in cultivation; best Sunflower to bloom in the fall. H LINUM perenne (Flax). H 1½, F 6-8 2.25 14.00 13.00 perenne album 2.25 14.00 LOBELIA cardinalis. Native plant, with intensely 13.00 brilliant cardinal flowers. H 2-3, F 7-9.... 2.50 syphilitica. Grows freely in rather moist places. The flowers, which are borne in long racemes, are blue or purple. 2 to 3 feet. July to 13.00 September 2.50 15.00 tive; grows 12 feet high; also a desirable LYCHNIS chalcedonica. Dense head of brilliant vegetable 1.50 9.00 scarlet flowers; one of the best border plants. HELIOPSIS, B. Ladhams. Broad-petal, rich yel-H 1½-3, F 5-8 2.25 13.00 low flowers; the best of the Heliopsis. H 3, viscaria splendens 2.50 15.00Flos-cuculi. Flowers in clusters, vary in color F 7-9 2.25 14.00 from pink to deep red. 1 to 2 feet. May Pitcheriana. Similar to the hardy Sunflower, but blooming during a much longer season. H 3-6, to August 2.00 13.00 F 8-10 2.00 13.00 LYSIMACHIA clethroides (Loosestrife). Semiaquatic, with white flowers. H 2-3, F 7-9... 2.25 HEMEROCALLIS aurantiaca. Large orange-yel-Nummularia aurea (Golden Moneywort). Fine 14.00 12.00 14.00 Nummularia. (Moneywort). Splendid plant for carpeting the ground in shaded places, or for 13.00 Qwanso fl. pl. Double2.50Sieboldii. Clear, deep hright yellow. H 3, F 5-6 2.25 15.00 vases and baskets. Foliage dark green 2.25 14.00 Thunbergii. Bright yellow. H 3, F 7-8..... 2.00 LYTHRUM superbum roseum. Very showy; HERACLEUM giganteum (Giant Parsnip). A resplendid for banks of streams and ponds. H markable foliage plant 2.50 3-5, F 7-8 2.25 14.00

HARDY HERBACEOUS PERENNIALS-Continued.

Per 12	100	Per 12	100
MALVA moschata alba. This lovely Mallow blooms profusely in June and July, and grows 18 to 24 inches high. The flowers are white; 2		PHYSOSTEGIA virginica. Erect stems of pretty pink flowers. H 1½-2½	\$13.00
inches across		virginica alba. A beautiful white variety. H 2-3, F 7-8	19.00
ored flowers		virginica compacta. Dwarf; flowers pink, on erect stems. H 1¼-1½	12.00
MERTENSIA virginica. A lovely blue flower, blooming in early spring. H 2, F 4 2.50	15.00	*POPPIES, ORIENTAL. The Perennial Popples are among the most brilliant of hardy flowers; the graceful, brightly colored, cup-shaped	
*MONARDA didyma (Bergamot). Very showy crimson flowers. H 2, F 7-9	13.00	flowers are borne on long stems. The large- flowering, or Oriental Poppies, are also the most showy plants for a garden and should be planted early. The foliage of Oriental Pop- pies dies away in the summer, and many think they are dead, but they will start into growth	
July to September 2.25 MYOSOTIS palustris semperflorens (Water Forget-Me-Not). Splendid for naturalizing on	14.00	again in the fall. They are rather hard to establish, but once established, prove the most persistent perennial.	
edge of ponds and streams; also for beds and borders	11.00	Cerise Beauty. Extra-large blooms; cerise-pink with crimson center and black blotch at base of petals	15.00
palustris semperflorens grandiflora. Improved form with larger flowers	11.09	Mrs. Marsh. Scarlet, flecked with white 2.50 Mrs. Perry. Orange-apricot—distinct and un-	15.00
CENOTHERA (Evening Primrose). The Evening Primrose is very effective in the garden on moonlight nights.		usual color	15.00 15.00
Lamarckiana. Large, sulphur-yellow flowers, lovely beyond description. H 4-5, F 7-8 2.50 missouriensis. H ½, F 6-8 2.50		Silberblick. Salmon, with violet-blue blotches; white anthers and stancus 2.50 Oriental Hybrids. An assortment of the best va-	
speciosa rosea. Dwarf: large white flowers tinted pink 2.50		rieties and colors	15.00
glauca Fraseri. Flowers are yellow, quite large, and borne in clusters. 2 to 3 feet. Midsummer		PLANTAIN LILY. See Funkia.	
ONOPORDON Acanthium (Scotch Thistle). Noble plant, with striking foliage and showy purple flowers		PLUMBAGO Larpentæ. A dwarf plant covering the ground completely with its foliage. In September it is a mass of beautiful deep blue flowers, which gradually change to violet 2.50	15.00
PACHYSANDRA terminalis. A trailing plant 6 to 8 inches high, forming broad mats of bright,		PLUME POPPY. See Bocconia.	
glossy green foliage and small spikes of flow- ers during May and June; invaluable as a cover plant either in the sun or shade 2.50	15.00	POLYGONUM cuspidatum (Giant Knotweed). Grows to 12 feet high; makes a splendid group for tropical effect	
PANSIES, Best Strain. Plants for spring bedding		*PRIMULA frondosa. Rosy lilac flowers above silvery tufts of foliage. H ¾, F 4 2.50 japonics. Beautiful and desirable variety 2.50	
PARDANTHUS chinensis (Blackberry Lily) 2.00 PENNISETUM Japonicum. This new Hardy Grass	13.00	RANUNCULUS acris fl. pl. (Bachelor's Buttons). A showy border plant with double yellow	
is very desirable. It grows 4 feet high, with slender, graceful foliage and showy plumes thrown well above the leaves. Most valuable		flowers in early summer	
for adding variety to the garden planting 25c each. 2.50		more deeply cut; splendid	
*PENTSTEMON barbatus Torreyi. Brilliant crimson and orange flowers in July; one of the best hardy plants. H 3-5	14.00	officinale (Chinese Rhubarb). The immense leaves of this noble foliage plant produce a bold and striking effect. Robinson says this is the most	
pubescens. A very showy variety, with rosy purple flowers. F 7-8 25c each. 2.00	13.00	effective foliage plant introduced for many years	
PHLOX divaricata cærulea		tanguticum. Has fine foliage and is of rapid growth; distinct and striking40c each 4.00	
divaricata Laphamii. Variety of P. canadensis, one of the finest hardy perennials adapted for the rockery, for the border and for naturalizing; remarkably free blooming, forms a somewhat shubby plant, 18 inches in height, individual flowers much larger than P. canadensis; the heads are large, and the petals not cleft as in the type25c each. 2.50 divaricata alba. A white sport of P. divaricata		RODGERSIA podophylla. A stately plant, both in foliage and flower; planted in rich, deep soil, in a sunny situation, and liberally supplied with water, produces five-lobed leaves 2½ to 3 feet in diameter, at first bright green, changing to a metallic-brown hue; flowers white, not unlike a spirea, and borne in large, fluffy, feathery sprays in midsummer	
canadensis 2.50 Stelleriana. Lovely light blue; distinct 1.75 subulata (Moss Pink). Rose-pink. Fine for covering banks; thrives in hot, dry situations, and blooms profusely 1.75 subulata Bridesmaid 1.75 atropurpurea. Deep rosy purple 1.75	10.00 12.00 12.00	tabularis. A rare Siberian species with attractive pale green foliage, which in established plants is borne on stems 3 to 4 feet high, and is fully 18 inches in diameter, retaining its fresh and stately appearance throughout the season. Its fluffy, feathery white flowers are borne on sprays 6 feet high during midsummer \$1.00 each\$10.00	

HARDY HERBACEOUS PERENNIALS-Continued.

RUDEDCULA Grows 19 to 12 Feet high, and is undoubtedly one of the most effective high and is undoubtedly one of the most effective high and is undoubtedly one of the most effective high and is undoubtedly one of the most effective high and is undoubtedly one of the most effective high and is undoubtedly one of the most effective high and is undoubtedly purpured. Large eritasion-macon nowers; vz. 2.05 speciena. Native. One of the very less locate plants in cultivation. A group of "Goden of plants in cultivation is properly of the most of plants of plants of the plant in the complex of the plant in the complex of the plant in the complex of the plant in the pl	ROSEMARY. An old-fashioned plant with scented foliage	100	TEUCRIUM Chamaedrys. Evergreen shining	er 12 100	
Grows 10 to 12 feet high, and is undoubselly one of the most effective platts in cultivation. 1.75 plurpures. Large cifinson-maroon nowes; yes 2.55 plurpures. Large house of the very best lorder plants in cultivation. A grown plant with cifinson plurpure cifinson plant vide control of the completely covered throughout the sun flowers. Plant plurpure cifinson now plurpure cifinson	RUDBECKIA		leaves; purple flowers; will grow on barren soils	32.00 \$12.00	1
speciosa. Native. One of the very lesst horder plants of the very less the order plants of the very less than the sum of the plant of the very less than the sum of the very less than the sum mere with a mass of brilliant mere with a mass of brilliant of the very less than the sum mere with a mass of brilliant of the very less than the sum of the very less than the sum of the very less than	Grows 10 to 12 feet high, and is undoubtedly one of the most effective plants in cultivation. It is becoming very popular. F 7-9		maldenhair fern glaucum. Bronzy-yellow flowers, bluish foliage. dipterocarpum. A new variety with illac-mauve flowers, yellow stamens and anthers. 4 feet.	2.50	
splendid effect. N 2-3, F 7-0. with submemorizab. Disasely branched plant. 25 form mer with a mass of brilliant lenon-corred nowers, with purple centers. 2.25 14.00 RUTA graveoine (Rue). This is a well known herb. 5.50 RUTA graveoine (Rue). This is a well known herb. 5.60 SAJUNA unskatnica. Extremely decorative sweet-secreted foliace and showy wholes o sweet-secreted foliace and showy wholes of sweet-secreted foliace and show wholes of sweet-secreted foliace and showy wholes of sweet-secreted foliace and show wholes of sweet-secreted foliace and showy wholes of sweet-secreted foliace and show wholes of sweet-secreted foliace and showy wholes of sweet-secreted foliace and show wholes of sweet-secreted foliace and show wholes wholes in large show wholes of sweet-secreted foliace and show wholes wholes in large show wholes is fineship in the second with respect to show wholes in large show while show while wholes in large show wholes in large show wholes wholes in large show wholes in large show while show wh	speciosa. Native. One of the very best border plants in cultivation. A group of "Golden	14.00		2.50 15.00	,
mer With a mass of brilliant lemon-colored howers, with purple centers	splendid effect. H 2-3, F 7-9	12.00	duces a succession of purple flowers all summer	1.75 12.00	,
SAGE. The well known herb. 1.50 SALVAI turkestanias. Extremely decorative sevent seemed foliage and showy whords of white flowers surrounded by pale pink. H. 2, F. 6. Globesa. Dwarf. Light blue. 25 each. 2.50 globesa. Dwarf. Light blue. 250 globesa. Light blue. 250 globesa. Dwarf. Light blue. 250 globesa. Light blue. 250 globesa. Dwarf. 250 globesa. Dwarf. Light blue. 250 globesa. Charles and classer. 150 globesa. Globesa	mer with a mass of brilliant lemon-colored	14.00	light pink flowers, produced all summer; use-	2.25 14.00	,
SALVIA turkestanica. Extremely decorative sweet- scented foliage and showy whorls of white howers surrounded by place pink. H. 2, F. 5. globosa. Dwarf. Light blue. 25. each. 2.50 globosa. Dwarf. Light blue. 25. each. 25. ea	RUTA graveolens (Rue). This is a well known herb 1.50			2.00	
Phoenicum. Seedlings: crimson-rose, Illac and white: large and showy 2.50 14.00	SALVIA turkestanica. Extremely decorative sweet-		spikes; dwarfed habit20c each olympicum. Bright yellow flowers; large woolly		
SAPONARIA coymoides apleadens. A charming little creeping plant covered with top-seed growth top-seed growth proving about 2 feet high and blooming in August; large double flowers of a lovely soft rose-plant. 2.00 folicials if 9.1. Resulting plant growth	flowers surrounded by pale pink. H 2, F 6		Phoeniceum. Seedlings; crimson-rose, lilac and		
softeinalis fit, pl. Beautiful plant growing about 2 feet high and blooming in August; large with and blooming in August; large bedouble flowers of a lovely soft rose-pitk. 2.00 13.00 SAXIFRAGA Leichtlini. Large, shiny evergreent foliage and large pantetes of bright pink flowers. H 1, F 4-5 2.50 SCABIOSA caucasica. Large head of pale blue flowers, one of the best hardy plants in cultisorial flowers. In the standard plants in cultisory of the large plant in collision of the large plant in collision of the best hardy plants in cultisory. SEDUM acre. Fine for covering graves and for carpoting rows and flowers freely in any garden above 2.00 SEDUM acre. Fine for covering graves and for carpoting land with great stoleniforum plant with great stoleniforum plant flowers. H 1½, F 3-10. 2.50 sibeloidi. (Siebold's Stonecrop). This Japananese variety, with its exquisite glaucous leaves, is considered the best foliage plant in the Sedum family. Flowers roay pink 2.50 stoned plants from the second stone or pink stone or	SAPONARIA ocymoides spiendens. A charming little creeping plant covered with lovely bright	15.00	sively used in England for bedding. It grows about 18 inches high, but if pegged down will		
foliage and large panicles of bright plak flowers, flowers H 1, F 4-5 SCABIOSA caucasica. Large head of pale blue flowers; one of the best hardy plants in cultivation; groves and howers freely in any garden soil grown from howers freely grown from howers from from from howers freely freely freely freely from from from from from howers freely freely freely from from from frowers above splendid palmate foliage. H ½, 3, F 6-7, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2,	officinalis fi. pl. Beautiful plant growing about 2 feet high and blooming in August: large	13.00	violet flowers throughout the season. Not quite hardy except on thoroughly well-drained soils		,
Rowers one of the best hardy plants in cultivation; grows and flowers freely in any garden soil 2.50	foliage and large panicles of bright pink flowers. H 1, F 4-5	15.00	*longifolia. Spikes of deep bluish-purple flowers; very handsome. H 2, F 8-9		
serious alba. A white-flowered variety of the above	nowers; one of the best hardy plants in cultivation; grows and flowers freely in any garden		Flowers blue	2.50 15.00	١
spectable. A fine fall-flowering plant with great heads of purple flowers. H 1½, F 9-10 2.25 13.00 Sieboldii. (Siebold's Stonecrop). This Japananese variety, with its exquisite glaucous leaves, is considered the best foliage plant in the Sedum family. Flowers rosy pink 2.50 15.00 Freflexum. (Stone Orpine). Small, bright yellow flowers making up a flat cluster, i to 1½ 15.00 Sexangulare. (Six-rowed Stonecrop). Flowers golden yellow. The reddish cast of the new growth is charming. July 2.50 15.00 SILENE Schafta. (Catchfly). A low-growing plant with rose-pink flowers in clusters. Useful for edging and the rock-garden. June to September 2.50 15.00 SILPHIUM perfoliatum. Yellow flowers. H 4-8, F 7 2.50 2.50 15.00 SILPHIUM perfoliatum. Yellow flowers in clusters. Useful for edging and the rock-garden. June to September 2.50 15.00 SILPHIUM perfoliatum. Yellow flowers. H 4-8, F 7 2.50 15.00 SILPHIUM perfoliatum. Yellow flowers in clusters. Useful for edging and the rock-garden. June to September 2.50 15.00 SILPHIUM perfoliatum. Yellow flowers in clusters. Useful for edging and the rock-garden. June to September 2.50 15.00 SILPHIUM perfoliatum. Yellow flowers 2.50	caucasica alba. A white-flowered variety of the above 2.50		virginica. (Great Virginian Speedwell). A free growing perennial which likes the bright sun-	2.50 15.00	•
Sieboldi's Stonecrop). This Japanese variety, with its exquisite glaucous leaves, is considered the best foliage plant in the Sedum family. Flowers rosy pink	carpeting		VINCA caerulea. The well known hardy Myrtle; fine	2.50 15.00	
the Sedum family. Flowers rosy pink	stoloniferum	13.00	not grow	2.50 15.00	
sexangulare. (Six-rowed Stonecrop). Flowers golden yellow. The reddish cast of the new growth is charming. July	the Sedum family. Flowers rosy pink 2.50 reflexum. (Stone Orpine). Small, bright yellow flowers making up a flat cluster. 1 to 13%		Blooms continuously all season. Blue flowers pedata bicolor. Deep purple flowers	1.75 12.00 1.75 12.00	1
SILENE Schafta. (Catchfly). A low-growing plant with rose-pink flowers in clusters. Useful for edging and the rock-garden. June to September	golden yellow. The reddish cast of the new		Velvet Purple. Very dark and glossy, resembling velvet		
September	SILENE Schafta. (Catchfly). A low-growing plant with rose-pink flowers in clusters. Use-		Free-flowering and fragrant	1.75 12.00	
*SPIREA filipendula. A beautiful dwarf variety, with elegant fern-like foliage. H ½-3, F 6-7. 2.25	September	15.00	the Single Violets have been brought to such a high point of excellence that they are equal in favor with the double sorts, and, being		
age. H 2, F 7-8	*SPIREA filipendula. A beautiful dwarf variety, with elegant fern-like foliage. H ½-3, F 6-7. 2.25 palmata. Broad clusters of the most beautiful	14.00	we strongly recommend the amateur to confine himself to this class. By the use of a cold- frame a fine crop of flowers can be had in the spring and in the fall.		
STACHYS lanata. White, woolly leaves and purple flowers; useful for edging. H 1, F 7 2.25 STATICE latifolia 2.50 STATICE	age. H 2, F 7-8	1	flowers	2.00	
ple flowers; useful for edging. H 1, F 7 2.25 STATICE latifolia					
8TATICE latifolia			*YUCCA filamentosa (Spanish Bayonet; also known	14.03	
	STATICE latifolia 2.50 STENANTHIUM robustum 4.00		a stately decorative plant, with immense spikes of large white flowers; fine for the	2.50 15.00	

Ornamental Flowering Shrubs

Our stock of shrubs is unsurpassed in quality, but our prices will be found much lower than those made by most nurserymen. As a rule, shrubs are much more effective when planted in masses, and our low prices permit them to be used freely in this way.

For a guide in planting, we have indicated the size the shrubs will eventually he, as follows: "H 3-4, S 3-4 June," which means

"Height 3 to 4 feet, spread 3 to 4 feet, flowers in June." The sizes given can only be approximate, as the size shrubs attain varies considerably with soils and climate.

Shrubs marked (*) can be grown in partial shade, but they will also thrive in full exposure to the sun.

SPECIAL OFFER OF SHRUBS

We want to encourage the planting of shrubs. To be effective, they should be planted in masses, but when dealers or nurserymen ask 50 cents to \$1 each for easily grown shrubs there is not much encouragement to plant them freely. We have made arrangements by which we can supply our customers with well-grown shrubs in the best varieties at the extremely low prices quoted below, but in every instance the selection of varieties must be left to us. But in ordering, if it is stated that certain shrubs are not wanted they will not be sent. We guarantee these shrubs to be satisfactory in both quality and variety. We cannot give in advance of filling the order a list of varieties contained in these collections.

SPECIAL OFFER A— 50 Shrubs in fine assortment of 15 varieties. \$15.00 SPECIAL OFFER B—100 Shrubs in fine assortment of 20 varieties. 23.00

	Per 12	Each Po	er 12 10	00
ALMOND, Dwarf Double-flowering Pink. H 3-5,		*sanguinea (European Red Osier). Deep		
S-4, May\$1.25	\$12.00	red bark; black berries. H 6-8, S 6 \$0.40 \$4	4.00 \$25	5.00
Dwarf Double-flowering White		*sericea. Red bark, bluish fruit. H 8-10,		
AMELANCHIER Botryapium. H 8-10, S 6-8, May .60	6.00		4.00 25	5.00
canadensis (Juneberry). H 12-15, S 12, April,	6.00	*stolonifera (Red Osier; Cornel). Dwarf-		
Мау	5.00	spreading shrub; white berries. H 4-5,		
fruticosa (False Indigo). H 6-8. S 8, June	7.50		4.00 25	5.00
ARALIA japonica. A distinct and most beautiful	7.50	*stolonifera pendula. Pendulous variety of		0 0
tall shrub with palm-like leaves and large		, and the second	5.00 30	0.0
heads of white flowers in August. H 8-12, S 5 .75	6.50	CORYLUS americana (American Hazelnut).		
pentaphylla. A shrub little known but very desir-	0.00	H 8-10, S 6 1.00 10	0.00	
able. The effect of the luxuriant glossy foliage		CRATAEGUS (Hawthorn). Very attractive		
on the arching branches is very beautiful.		spring-flowering shrubs. Very sweet-		
H 5-7, S 5-6	6.00	scented and showy. They are large		
*BERBERIS Thunbergii (Japanese Barberry). One		shrubs and eventually grow into small		
of the most desirable shrubs in cultivation		trees, but the growth is slow. They are		
on account of its habit, foliage and fruit; fine		covered with attractive red berries in		
for an untrimmed hedge. 18-24 in		the summer and fall. H 10-20, S 10-20		
\$30 per 10040	4.00	coccinea (American Hawthorn) 1.00 10	0.00	
CALYCANTHUS floridus (Sweet-scented Shrub).		CYDONIA Japonica (Japan Quince). Brill-		
H 5-6, S 4-5, June	5.00		6.00	
CARAGANA arborescens (Siberian Pea). Pale yel-		·		
low pea-shaped flowers. H 8-10, S 8, May,	F 0.0	DESMODIUM penduliflorum. An exceeding-		
June	5.00	ly graceful shrub-like plant covered		
CASSIA marylandica (Wild Senna). Pea-shaped	2.50	with purplish red flowers in summer- time when little else is in bloom;		
yellow flowers. H 3-4, S 4-5	2.50		5.00	
CEANOTHUS americanus (Jersey Tea). Sweet-			3.00	
scented white flowers. H 2-3, S 3, July-Sep-	F 00	DEUTZIA candidissima. Double white flow-		
tember	5.00	ers. H 6-8, S 6, May, June	.50 5	5.00
CEPHALANTHUS occidentalis (Button Bush).		crenata fl. pl. Double pink flowers. H		
Curious round balls of white flowers in July.		6-8 S 6	5.00	
H 6-8, S 6	5.00	gracilis. Single white flowers. H 2-3,	F 0.0	
CERASUS virginiana. A large shrub with brilliant	F 0.0	S 3. May	5.00	
showy fruit; very attractive. H 10-12, S 6-850	5.00	flowering shrub, with pure white single		
CERCIS canadensis (American Red-Bud, or Judas Tree)	6.00		6.00	
CHIONANTHUS virginica (White Fringe). H	0.00	Wellsii. Pure white double flowers. H	3.00	
10-12, S 6-8, May, June 1.50			5.00	
		scabra (Pride of Rochester). Large-		
CLETHRA alnifolia (Sweet Pepper). Splendid summer-hlooming shrub, with deliciously		flowcred Deutzia. A robust form with		
sweet-scented white flowers. H 3-5, S 4, July-		very handsome double white flowers		
September	4.00	tinged rose. Excellent for use as a		
	1.00	specimen plant. One of the hest varie-		
COLUTEA arborescens (Bladder Senna). Rapid grower. H 7-8, S 6-8	5.00		5.00	
·	5.00	DIERVILLA sessilifolia (Native Weigela)50 5	5.00	
CORNUS (Dwarf or Shruhby Dogwood).		ELEAGNUS angustifolia. Silvery gray fo-		
Very valuable shrubs on account of their		iage, like the Olive. H 10-12, S 860	6.00	
easy growth, luxuriant foliage, hright-		longipes. A new and handsome shrub with		
colored bark, and showy fruits. Fine for massed and waterside planting.			5.00	
*alba sibirica (Red-twigged Dogwood).Each Per 1	9 100		5.00	
fruit hluish-white. H 6-8, S 6\$0.40 \$4.0		EUONYMUS alatus (Winged Burning		
alba Spaethji aurea. Yellow variegated	4.40.00		7.50	
foliage. H 3-4, S 4			6.00	
*alternifolia (Blue Dogwood). A large-		americanus. (Strawberry Bush.) An erect		
growing shrub of most beautiful flowers		grower that is attractive at all seasons		
in spring and showy fruit in the fall.		of the year because of its slender green branches. The peculiar, rose-colored		
H 6-8, S 6		fruits, with scarlet pods, make this		
Kousa (Japanese Dogwood). A white-			7.00	
flowering variety of great beauty and				
rarity; grows into a small tree 1.25		EXOCHORDA grandiflora (Pearl Bush). A rare Chinese shrub with pure white		
mas. (Cornelian Cherry). Very showy				
bright scarlet fruit. H 8-10, S 6-850 5.00			6.00	

ORNAMENTAL FLOWERING SHRUBS—Continued Each Per 12 100 Fach Per 12 100							
FORSYTHIA Fortunei (Fortune's Golden	Each	Fet 12 100	bella rosea. Exactly like bella candida in	n Po	er 12	100	
Bell). Magnificent, vigorous-growing shrub, covered with yellow bell-like			all respects, save that he flowers are pink\$0.50) \$!	5.00		
flowers before the foliage appears in the spring. Splendid for planting on steep			PAVIA macrostachya (Dwarf Horse-Chest-				
banks, especially above a retaining wall,			nut). Beautiful spreading shrub with large heads of white flowers in June;				
as some of the branches grow upright while the remainder will hang down			fine for specimen on the lawn 2.5	0			
over the wall for several feet. H 6-8,	0.50	\$5.00	PHILADELPHUS (Syringa; Mock Orange). Vigorous growing with showy white				
S 5, April	0.00	φ3.00	and mostly sweet-scented flowers.	0	C 0.0		
pendulous branches which hang down over a wall like a vine	.50	5.00	coronarius. Very sweet-scented white	, ,	6.00		
viridissima. This is the erect form of			flowers. H 8-10, S 8	0	5.00		
Forsythia. H 8-10, S 6	.50	5.00	great profusion. H 6-8, S 65	0	5.00		
variety is a hybrid between F. suspensa Fortunei and F. suspensa, and is			grandiflorus. Large flowers, very showy. H 8-10, S 8	0	5.00		
considered more handsome than either			Mer de Glace (Sea of Ice), Undoubtedly one of the most beautiful shrubs				
of its parents. Produces great quanti- ties of golden yellow flowers on its			introduced in recent years. Everyone				
slender, arching branches before the fo-	5.0	5.00	is familiar with the so-called Syringa or Mock Orange but Lemoine, the				
iage appears. H 6-8, S 6, April *HALESIA tetraptera (Silver Bell). This is	.50	3.00	great French Hybridizer, has improved this old favorite wonderfully. The				
one of the most beautiful-flowering large shrubs in cultivation; pure white			flowers are globular, semi-double, of				
hell-shaped flowers. H 15-20, S 8	.60	6.00	a glistening pure white and deliciously sweet scented. It would be impossible				
HAMAMELIS virginiana (Witch Hazel). Blooms in late fall and early winter. H			for a shrub to bear more flowers and the smallest plants are covered. Peo-				
6-8, S 6	.50	5.00	ple who have seen it flower on our trial				
Н 8-10, S 8	.60	6.00	ground have been delighted with this shrub	0			
*HYDRANGEA arborescens grandiflora. New variety with immense heads of			Mont Blanc. One of the newer dwarf				
white flowers. H 3, S 3 paniculata. Distinct from P. grandiflora.	.75	7.50	sorts; large white flowers borne in the greatest profusion. H 4·5, S 5	5	7.50		
A very striking and elegant shruh. H	~ ~	~ ~ 0	Sutzmannii. Large showy white variety. H 8-10, S 8	0	5.00		
H 5-6, S 5	.75	7.50	POTENTILLA fruticosa		5.00		
bardy Hydrangea. H 4-5, S 4. 18 to 24 inches	.50	5.00	*PRIVET, Common. Desirable for hedging, and hardier than California Privet	0	4.50	20.00	
2 to 3 feet	.75	7.50	Media. A Privet of beautiful habit; fruits			20.00	
quercifolia (Oak-leaved Hydrangea). Very handsome. One of the most picturesque			immensely	, ;	5.00		
shrubs. H 3-4, S 4	1.00	10.00	solutely hardy	0	4.50	30.00	
H 2-3, S 3	.50	5.00	Desirable on account of its rich purple foliage. H 10-12, S 8	0			
ITEA virginica. Sweet-scented white flow-	.50	5.00	PYRUS arbutifolia (Choke Berry). A	Ü			
ers in early summer. H 4-5, S 4 LILAC (Syringa). Common Purple	$.50 \\ .50$	5.00 5.00	native shrub of great beauty and easy culture. Covered with white flowers in				
Common White. 2 to 3 feet	.50	5.00	early spring, followed by bright red herries which last all winter. H 4-5, S 5 .5	0	5.00		
more delicate than the preceding vari-			RHAMNUS cathartica (Buckthorn). Strong-	J	5.00		
ety. The flowers are pale lilac, in panicles 3 to 4 inches broad, and open			growing shrub with black berries. H 8-10, S 8	0	5.00		
in late spring. 3 to 4 fect persica alba. White Persian Lilac. Small	.60	6.00	RHODOTYPOS kerrioides. H 4-5, S 5		5.00		
white flowers; similar in other respects			Н 4-6, S 5	0	6.00		
to the type. 3 to 4 feet Japonica. A new and unique species from	1.00		copallina (Shining-leaved Sumac). H 4-6, S 5	0	5.00		
Japan, attaining the size of a small tree, with large panicles of white flowers; fo-			Cotinus (Purple Fringe). H 8-10, S 87 typhina (Common Sumac). H 10-12, S 6 .5		$7.50 \\ 5.00$		
liage very large, thick and deep green			typhina laciniata. New cut-leaved Sumac;				
color; hlooms a month later than other lilacs	1.00	10.00	very beautiful	5	7.50		
LONICERA (Upright Honeysuckle). These are very vigorous free-growing shrubs			did fragrant yellow flowers followed by black fruits, with a bluish bloom.				
that are very showy and desirable, both			Smooth, shining leaves. H 4-5, S 5. For				
on account of their pink or white flowers which are freely produced in the			Pennsylvania sales only	0	5.00		
spring and their bright red or orange fruit with which they are covered in			Extremely free-flowering and attractive. H 4-5, S 5	0	6.00		
the summer. H 8-10, S 6-8			RUBUS odoratus (Thimble Berry). Splen-	J	0.00	٠	
fragrantissima. A very early sweet- scented species	.50	5.00	did foliage and purplish flowers all summer. H 4-6, S 5	0	4.00		
Morrowii. Flowers pure white; fruit red Ruprechtiana	.50	5.00 5.00	SAMBUCUS canadensis (Common Elder-herry). Very striking when planted in				
tatarica. Pink flowers	.50	5.00	rich scil. H 6-8	0	4.00		
tatarica alba White flowers Xylosteum (Fly Honeysuckie)	$.50 \\ .50$	5.00 5.00	racemosa. (Red-berried Elder). Distin- guished by its warty leaves and large				
bella candida. Slender branches with blush foliage. In the spring it pro-	_		cymes of white flowers. Showy red berries ripen in early midsummer. A				
duces quantities of small white flowers.			splendid sort to plant with S. nigra				
Later in the season the bush is covered with bright fruits, which are quite per-			aurea as the former variety often has ripe fruits when the latter is hlooming.				
sistent. H 8-10, S 6-8	.50	5.00	H 6-8, S 5-6, May) (6.00		

Fook Dom 40 400	ING SHRUBS—Continued		
Each Per 12 100 SPIRAEA arguta. Pure white flowers early in the spring. H 5-6, S 5\$0.50 \$5.00 Bumalda, Anthony Waterer. A beauti-	STEWARTIA pentagyna. A very rare shrub with exquisitely beautiful, large, single white flowers in July. H 6-8\$1.75	Per 12	100
ful dwarf flowering shrub of great popularity. "This is a seedling of that variety of Spiræa Japonica which is known in gardens as S. Bumalda, and which is distinguished by its dwarf, compact habit, its persistent flower- ing, and bright red flowers. Anthony	SYMPHORICARPOS. The Symphoricarpos are very desirable in the shade or under trees where nothing else will grow. They are covered with white or red berries in fall and winter. *racemosus (Snowberry). White-fruited.		
Waterer differs from its parent in the decper, brighter, and more intense	H 4-5, S 5	4.00	25.00
color of the flowers. As it begins to flower freely when only a few inches	H 4-5, S 5	4.00	0
high and continues to produce its large, flat corymbs from July until frost ap- pears, this shrub promises to be a cap- ital addition to the rather short list of autumn-llowering hardy shrubs." H	H 3-4, S 4	4.00	25.00
2-3, S 3. Two-year-old plants50 5.00 33.00 callosa. Pink flowers all summer. H	æstivalis hispida. H 8-10, S6	$\frac{5.00}{5.00}$	
3-4, S 4	plumosus (Japanese Tamarix). H 10-12,		
callosa alba. Similar to the preceding variety, but with white flowers50 5.00	S 6	6.00	
Douglasii. Deep pink spikes of flowers. Fine for massing. H 5-6, S 5 July, .	and satisfactory shrub. H 6-8, S 650 Lantana. Showy red fruit. H 8-10, S 6 .75	$\frac{5.00}{7.50}$	
August	Opulus sterile (Snowball). H 8-10, S 8 .60 Oxycoccus (Cranberry Tree). Very showy	6.00	
blooming sort with pink flowers50 5.00 opulifolia aurea (Ninebark). Vigorous-	red fruit. H 8-10, S 8	6.00	
growing variety with yellowish foliage; white flowers followed by showy seed- pods. H 8-10, S 6	S 8	5.00	
Reevesii fl. pl. Double white flowers in	desirable of its color. H 6-8, S 875	7.50	
May. H 5-6, S 5	floribunda. Crimson. H 6-8, S 875 hybrida, Eva Rathke. Very valuable ever- blooming variety; large crimson flow-	7.50	
white flowers in profusion. Very lovely. H 4-5, S 4	ers. H 5-6, S 6	6.00	
Van Houttei. A very graceful variety. One of the best; by many people considered the most satisfactory shrub in	throat bright carmine; very showy60 hybrida, Gracieux. White, with sulphur throat, outside and buds salmon-pink.	6.00	
cultivation; white flowers in the great-	One of the most beautiful Weigelas60	6.00	
est profusion in May. H 6-8, S 650 5.00 35.00 STEPHANANDRA flexuosa. A very grace-	rosea. Pink flowers. H 6-8, S 850 rosea nana variegata (Variegated-leaved).	5.00	
ful shrub, with deeply cut, fern-like	H 4-5, S 550	5.00	
foliage. H 3-5, S 4	XANTHORRHIZA apiifolia	4.00	

Ornamental Deciduous Trees

With the exception of varieties marked with an asterisk (*), we do not grow trees. The following list of trees is selected from the best nurseries in the United States. Orders will be shipped from the nearest nursery that can supply the stock ordered, so as to save freight charges and secure quickest possible delivery; where stock is ordered in considerable variety, it is sometimes shipped from two or more nurseries to secure trees of the best quality. We always endeavor to secure the best stock in the market for our customers. The prices quoted are for trees of the most suitable size for transplanting; extra large trees of many varieties can be supplied, but are not recommended. If quick results are desired they can be had by taking small- and medium-sized, but perfectly vigorous and healthy trees and giving them liberal planting; for instance, dig a hole three feet deep and five

feet in diameter for each tree, and fill with all good surface soil, mixed with one-fourth of its bulk of well rotted stable manure.

It costs considerably to plant trees in this manner, but the results justify the expense, and people often pay from \$10 to \$50 each for larger trees, which always fail, generally dying outright within three years, and never making vigorous, healthy trees. The prices quoted are for trees of the transplanting; extra large trees of many ed, but are not recommended. If quick can be had by taking small- and medium-brous and healthy trees and giving them tance, dig a hole three feet deep and five Lowest net prices will be quoted on trees by the 100 and 1,000 on application.

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Each Per 12

Each	Per 12
AILANTHUS glandulosa. Female trees which	
are almost free from disagreeable odcr\$2.00	\$18.00
ALDER, European 2.00	18.00
ANDROMEDA arborea (Sorrel Tree). A scarce	
and extremely beautiful flowering small tree. 1.25	13.00
BEECH, the noblest of all trees, but of slow	
growth and difficult to transplant. Small trees	
should always be selected and well pruned	
when planted.	
American	
English 9.50	
*Purple-leaved 4.00	
*Weeping	
BUTTONWOOD. See Sycamore.	
CATALPA Bungei (Umbrella Tree).	
Umbrella-headed trees used for formal effects.	
Standard 2.50	22.00
Large specimens, \$4, \$5, \$7.50 and \$10 each.	
speciosa. Our native variety 1.00	10.00

by the tre and type on approach		10114
*CHERRY, Double-flowered Pink		
CLADRASTIS tinctoria (Virgilia lutea)		
CRAB APPLE. The ornamental Crab Apples are		
undoubtedly the most beautiful small-flower-		
ing trees in cultivation; even more beautiful		
than the popular Magnolias. They are of the	,	
easiest culture, hardy; bloom when quite small.		
*Beohtel's New Double-flowered	1.75	
*Common Wild (P. coronaria)		
Double White (P. spectabilis)		
*floribunda. Single-flowered, pink; one of the		
most beautiful		
*Parkman's (Pyrus Parkmanii)		
*Cypress. Deciduous	2.50	
*DOGWOOD, Red-flowering	2.50	
*White-flowering		10.00
ELM, American		18.00
Camperdown Weeping		
English	2.50	

ORNAMENTA	L DECIDU	OUS TREES—Continued	
FRAXINUS quadrangulata. (Blue Ash). Large	Per 12	Each	Per 12
tree with bright green, compound leaves which		Oak is of very rapid growth, and one of the finest trees in cultivation.	
turn yellow in the autumn. Grows rapidly		Burr, or Mossy Cup\$4.00	
and has a straight trunk which makes it ex- ceptionally well adapted to specimen planting		Scarlet. A grand tree with splendid coloring in	
and groups Not particularly desirable as a		fall	
street tree\$3.00		finest trees for avenue or lawn planting, and	
HONEY LOCUST, American 1.50	16.00	of very rapid growth. The great demand	
HORSE-CHESTNUT, White-flowering 3.00 KENTUCKY COFFEE TREE (Gymnocladus	32.00	for this tree has made it very scarce.	
canadensis)		6 to 7 feet	33.00
KOELREUTERIA paniculata 2.50		10 to 12 feet	00.00
LINDEN, American 2.50	28.00	Red 3.00	
European 2.50 Large-leaved (Tilia platypnylla) 3.50		PHOTINIA villosa. A very ornamental tree, cov-	
White-leaved Weeping. A splendid pendulous		ered with red berries in fall and winter 2.00 PLANE. See Sycamore.	
tree 5.50		POPLAR, Carolina	8.00
LIQUIDAMBAR styraciflua (Sweet Gum) 2.50 WAPLE, Ash-leaved (Box Elder) 1.50		Lombardy 1.00	10.00
*Norway	28.00	Pyramidal (P. Bolleana)	18.00
Red, or Scarlet 4.00		SALISBURIA adiantifolia (Ginkgo; Maidenhair	
Schwedler's Purple 3.00		Tree). A quaint Japanese tree, with foliage	
*Silver-leaved (Water, or Soft) 1.50	16.00	like that of a Maidenhair Fern 3.00 SORBUS. See Mountain Ash.	
Sugar 3.00 *Wier's Cut-leaved 2.50	$\frac{30.00}{24.00}$	SOPHORA Japonica	
MOUNTAIN ASH, European	24.00	*SYCAMORE, Oriental. A grand tree either for	
IUTS, Chestnut, American	18.00	the lawn or street. Withstands smoke and	
Spanish	40.04	Soot Well 2.00	18.00
Filberts, American	10.00	THORNS. See Hawthorn, under head of Hardy Shrubs.	
The Spanish Chestnuts are thriving where the	10.00	WILLOW, Flame-colored	6.00
American variety has all been killed.		Golden-barked. Weeping 1.50	15.00
OAK. The planting of Oaks for ornament has		Laurel-leaved. Very handsome	7.5 6.0
been done but little on account of their sup- posed slow growth. They grow quite as		Regal. White foliage	17.50
rapidly as other hardwood trees, and the Pin		YELLOW-WOOD. See Cladrastis.	
Houdy C	11:	hine Diants	
пагиу С	/IIMI	bing Plants	
ACTINIDIA arguta. A Japanese climbing plant	Per 12	LONICERA Halleana. llall's Japanese Honey-suckle.	Per 12
with attractive dark green foliage and a		A strong-growing variety, which is in almost	
multitude of white flowers having purple cen-		continuous bloom. The fragrant flowers open	
ters. Edible fruits follow the flowers\$0.50	\$5.00	white and gradually change to buff	00.00
IKEBIA quinata. Quite ornamental and grace- ful, with pretty dark leaves and numerous		Japonica aureo-reticulata (L. brachypoda reti-	\$3.0
bunches of violet-brown flowers. Pleasing		culata). Golden Honeysuckle. Great quanti-	
cinnamon fragrance. Prefers a sunny situa-		ties of white flowers are borne in pairs. The	
tion	5.00	foliage remains green until late in autumn, and	
MPELOPSIS quinquefolia. Virginia Creeper. Clings firmly to walls or any support and		in protected locations may be evergreen all winter	3.0
makes a dense covering because of its large,		Japonica. Bears a multitude of fragrant yellow	3.0
handsome, green foliage. In the fall the		flowers, but is particularly desirable because	
leaves change to brilliant scarlet. One of the		of its dark purplish green foliage, which is	
most decorative native climbers	3.50	practically evergreen\$20 per 10030	3.00
Veitchii. Boston Ivy. Grows very rapidly after it is once established, and clings close-		LYCIUM chinense. Matrimony Vine. Excellent for trellises or banks. The small purple flowers	
ly to any surface. The large, dark green		in summer are followed by scarlet berries	
leaves turn to rich crimson in the fall.		which cling long through the winter. Makes	
Standard Plants	3.50	a vigorous growth; if desired, it may be trained	0.5
Extra-strong Plants	5.00	as a shrub	3.5
duces numerous bunches of brownish colored		which covers itself with a quantity of snowy	
flowers which bear a slight resemblance to		white flowers, borne in long racemes. Remark-	
small pipes. The leaves are large and round,		able effects can be obtained when this vine is	
hanging so that they overlap each other and thus make a dense screen. 2-yr 1.00		allowed to twine about an old tree. This va- ricty is an improvement on P. baldschuanicum,	
ELASTRUS paniculatus. Japanese Bitter-sweet.		as its flowers are larger and it is free from	
Valuable because it grows in almost any soil		the disease which causes so much injury to the	
and will succeed as well in shaded places as in		other sort	7.5
sunny positions. The bright red fruits in or-		VITIS æstivalis. American Wild Grape. A tall-	
ange pods usually remain throughout the winter. This variety is not altogether hardy and		climbing vine which makes a strong growth. The leaves are large and distinguished by a	
should be planted in sheltered positions north		reddish brown fuzz on the under side. The	
of Pennsylvania	3.50	berries are small, black, and exceedingly	
scandens. American Bittersweet. Branches of		tough skinned	5.0
this vine are often sold for Christmas decora- tions, because of the bright orange-colored		vulpina (V. odoratissima). River Bank, or Frost	
vicino, nocuido di mio nilgiti diango-condica		Grape. Vigorous, tall climbing plant, with sweet-scented flowers. The berries are usually	
		less than half an inch in diameter; quite sour50	5.0
pods and their attractive scarlet seeds. The vine makes a rapid growth	3.50		0.0
pods and their attractive scarlet seeds. The vine makes a rapid growth	•	WISTARIA sinensis. Chinese Wistaria. A hardy,	0.0
pods and their attractive scarlet seeds. The vine makes a rapid growth	3.50 10.00	WISTARIA sinensis. Chinese Wistaria. A hardy, tall-growing climber with pale green, com-	0.01
pods and their attractive scarlet seeds. The vine makes a rapid growth	•	WISTARIA sinensis. Chinese Wistaria. A hardy, tall-growing climber with pale green, com- pound foliage, and purplish pea-green flowers	
pods and their attractive scarlet seeds. The vine makes a rapid growth	10.00	WISTARIA sinensis. Chinese Wistaria. A hardy, tall-growing climber with pale green, com- pound foliage, and purplish pea-green flowers in clusters a foot long. Usually blooms in May 1.00	10.00
pods and their attractive scarlet seeds. The vine makes a rapid growth	•	WISTARIA sinensis. Chinese Wistaria. A hardy, tall-growing climber with pale green, com- pound foliage, and purplish pea-green flowers	

Roses for Fall Planting

Dormant Hardy Roses can be supplied from October to December 1

We have decided to offer Dormant Roses for fall delivery only, as we find many of our customers delay ordering in the spring until it is too late to plant. It is important in planting Dormant Roses to cut them well back; one-half the tops should be cut off when planted in the fall, and any wood that winter-kills should be cut off early in the spring.

The varieties of Roses now offcred are innumerable, and this great list is added to every year by a host of new varieties which make an intelligent selection of varieties impossible to most buyers. We have reduced our lists to a few of the very hest varieties, and no one can make a mistake in selecting any of the sorts offered.

Hybrid Tea and Tea Roses should be planted in the spring, and a selection of the best varieties is offered in our Spring Catalogue.

Hybrid Perpetual Roses

Baronoss Rothschild. Large, pale rose blooms of superb shape, each set in a cup of lovely foliage. Delightfully fragrant.

Captain Christy. The plump buds have backward curling petals, which show perfectly the contrast of light and dark pink. When open the blooms are darker toward the center. The plant is rather dwarf but is exceedingly vigorous and produces a great number of blooms annually.

Captain Hayward. Bright crimson-carmine blooms of perfect form;

exceedingly fragrant.

Clic. The large globular flowers are borne on long stems, making this a valuable variety for cutting. The color is satiny flesh, with pink center.

Frau Karl Druschki. One of the most popular white Roses. blooms are quito large, sometimes exceeding 5 inches in diameter. The growth of the plant is unusually strong; it bears great quantities of blooms in June and occasionally will bloom in the autumn.

General Jacqueminot. An old variety with large, full blossoms, brilliant scarlet-carmine, with deeper veinings near the petal bases. Often called the "Jack Rose" and considered one of the best of its color and class. No rose collection is complete without it.

George Ahronds. The plant makes a strong growth, and hears an abundance of well-formed pink flowers.

Magna Charta. Noted for its fragrance and abundance of blooms. The color of the flowers is a rosy pinkish-carmine.

Mme. Gabriel Luizet. Light, satiny pink blooms of splendid form. A variety which is not found in many collections.

Mrs. John Laing. Soft pink blooms, extremely large and exceedingly fragrant. Most attractive when in bud, as the petals are

quite long. The plant makes a strong growth. Ulrich Brunner. The light red flowers are borne in profusion, on long stems. The color of this flower is quite distinct from

other red varieties in this list. Frince Camille de Rohan. Very dark, velvety crimson, almost black. Many experts consider this to be the best dark Rose in existence.

Paul Neyron. Dark rose; of enormous size; perhaps the largest of all.

Prices, except where noted, for strong, 2-year, field-grown plants, 75c each; \$7.50 per 12.

Miscellaneous Varieties

Persian Vellow. An Austrian Briar Rose, which is very popular because of its splendid golden yellow color. Although the flowers are only medium in size they are extremely full. each; \$9.00 per 12.

Harrison's Yellow. Brilliant golden yellow, semi-double flowers completely cover the sturdy plant in spring. A splendid variety. 90c each; \$9.00 por 12.

ROSA Rugosa. Forms an upright shrub, with spreading branches densely covered with spines and prickles. The leaves are wrinkled, dark lustrous green above, lighter beneath. blooms are purple or white, and ordinarily 3 inches or more across. They are followed by bright red fruits which cling to the bush a long time. 75c each; \$7.50 per 12.

rugosa alba. Originally imported from Japan. Pure white flowers with five petals, highly scented, followed later by pretty

90c each; \$9.00 per 12. berries.

Blanc double de Coubert. One of the best Rugosa types. blooms are often 4 to 5 inches in diameter. Semi-double; pure white in color; attractively fragrant. 90c each; \$9.00 pcr 12.

Conrad Meyer. When fully opened the blooms are clear silvery rose; they possess a fragrance which is delicately penetrating. 90c each; \$9.00 per 12.

ROSA carclina. The well-known American Wild Rose which produces quantities of pink blooms in July. 50c each; \$5.00 per 12.

lucida. A dwarf form of R. carolina. The attractive bright pink flowers are followed by brilliantly colored berries. 50c each; \$5.00 per 12.

multiflora. A beautiful white Japanese Rose which is frequently used as a climber. 50c each; \$5.00 per 12.

The single bright pink flowers are borne in small rubiginosa. clusters. The foliage is blue-green, tinged with purplish-red. 35c each; \$3.50 per 12.

setigera (Prairie Rose). Valuable climbing sort, which attains a height of 6 feet. The single, deep rose flowers are borne in great abundance. 50c each; \$5.00 por 12.

spinosissima (Scotch Rose). Flowers are borne singly but are occasionally a light pink or yellow. Ordinarily white, they are closely arranged along the stems. The blooms are followed by black fruit. This Rose is considered the best hardy substitute for the matchless Cherckee Rose of the South. Potplants, \$1.00 each.

Moss Roses

These Roses are hardy and vigorous, thriving in almost any soil. Prune only the very old canes, as flowers are produced only on canes which are more than two years old.

Blanche Moreau. Large, pure white flowers are borne in clusters. Both flowers and buds are heavily mossed. 75c each; \$7.50 per 12.

Crested Moss. Deep pink flowers of delightful fragrance. 75c each; \$7.50 per 12.

Rose-pink, with very double blooms. 75c each; \$7.50 Salet. per 12.



Fran Karl Druschki Roses.

Climbing and Rambler Roses

Climbing and Rambler Roses are valuable for covering porches, verandas, side-walls, pillars, fences, etc. They are unequalled as ornamental plants and will be found as useful for this purpose as any other climber. They are hardy and require very little pruning.

CLIMBING AMERICAN BEAUTY

A new Rose of great merit. A cross between American Beauty and an unnamed seedling. Color a rosy crimson, similar to its popular parent, and with the same exquisite fragrance, a quality rarely found in Climhing Roses. The plant is of strong habit of growth making shoots from 10 to 15 feet in one season, and as hardy as an oak. The flowers are from 3 to 4 inches in diameter, of fine form, and are produced in great profusion, not only in May and June, but there is a fair sprinkling of flowers throughout the growing season. 75c each; \$7.50 per 12.

CLIMBING ROSE, LADY GAY

A new rambler variety of remarkably vigorous growth, with nowers of a delicate cerise-pink, passing to soft, tinted white. The effect of a plant in full bloom with the combination of the soft white flowers, cherry-pink buds, and deep green of the foliage is indeed charming. Strong two-year-old plants, 50c each; \$5 per 12.

NEW RAMBLER, TAUSENDSCHOEN

This is an entirely distinct break, not only in ramblers, but in climbing Roses generally. The individual flowers are very large for this type of Rose, being fully 3 inches across, and of a more clegant and graceful form, not stiff or unnatural, but as beautiful as a semi-double azalea. In color it is a most delightful shade of soft pink when first opening, changing to paler pink when fully expanded and finally to white. These are produced in trusses of from ten to fifteen flowers. 2-year-old plants, 60c each; \$6.00 per 12.

AMERICAN PILLAR

A new single-flowering variety of great beauty, which appeals to everyone. The flowers are of enormous size, 3 to 4 inches across, of a lovely shade of pink, with a cluster of yellow stamens. These flowers are borne in immense clusters, and a large plant in full bloom is a sight not easily forgotten. They last in perfection a long time, and are followed by brilliant red hips or berries, which are carried late into the winter; and as the plant frequently retains its lovely green foliage until the end of November, it forms a beautiful decorative subject throughout the autumn months. Strong, two-year-old plants, 60c each; 86.00 per 12.

AVIATEUR BLERIOT (The New Yellow Rambler)

We have discarded the old Yellow Rambler in favor of this new variety, in which we have a strong-growing plant with beautiful glossy, insect- and disease-proof foliage, and bearing large clusters of medium-sized full double flowers of a saffron-yellow, deepening to an almost golden yellow at the center. **90c each**, \$9.00 per 12.

CRIMSON RAMBLER

It is strikingly beautiful, absolutely hardy and no Rose can be used for more purposes. As a climber it is unsurpassed, perhaps unequalled; as a pot-plant for forcing, the florists are finding it extremely popular. By keeping it cut down it makes a splendid bedding Rose, and a hedge of it is a most beautiful object. 60c each; \$6.00 per 12.

DOROTHY PERKINS

This is a splendid new shell-pink climbing Rose. It attracted much attention at the Pan-American Exposition, where a bed of fourteen-months-old plants produced a show of bloom unequalled by any other variety. This new Rose is of the same strong habit of growth as Crimson Rambler, and the flowers are borne in clusters of 30 to 40, and sometimes even 50 to 60. The flowers are large for a Rose of this class, very double, sweet-scented and of a beautiful shell-pink. Raised from seed of Rosa Wichuraiana and crossed with that grand old Rose, Mme. Gabriel Luizet. Absolutely hardy. The individual flower is larger than the Crimson Rambler, and is a beautiful shell-pink in color. 50c each; \$5.00 per 12; \$40.00 per 100.

HIAWATHA

Distinctly different from other Ramblers. Its small, single flowers—deep ruby-crimson, wonderfully bright—accentuated by a white eye—are uniquely borne on long trails of 40 to 50. This is a charming variety destined to become very popular among Rose lovers. Lovers of single Roses will be delighted with it. In our opinion this Rose is the best and most attractive of all the recent Wichuraiana and Rambler hybrids, which have been so freely offered. 50c each; \$5.00 per 12.

DR. W. VAN FLEET

A Rose, which on account of its dainty color and exquisitely shaped buds and flowers, appeals to everyone. The long pointed buds are of a rich flesh-pink on stems 12 to 18 inches long; splendld for cutting. 60c each; \$6.00 per 12.

WHITE DOROTHY

Among Rambler Roses, none has justly gained greater popularity than the beautiful pink Dorothy Perkins. The White Dorothy is a duplicate, in all respects save its color, which is a clear, glistening white. A decided acquisition to this class of Roses. Among the multitude of new Roses offered this is one of the few worth planting. Strong, two-year-old plants, 50c each; \$5.00 per 12.

EXCELSA

(Red Dorothy Perkins)

This is a most beautiful Rose and we look to see it supersede Crimson Rambler as soon as it is better known. The color is clear, bright crimson with no trace of magenta, and the foliage is always clean and glossy, with never any of the mildew which sometimes makes Crimson Rambler unsightly. 50c each; \$5.00 per 12.

PAUL'S SCARLET

The best of the newer scarlet climbers and a real improvement on the older sorts. \$1.00 each.

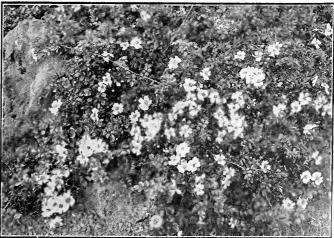
ROSA WICHURAIANA

In some respects this Rose, which is also known as the "Memorial Rose," is better than Crimson Rambler, although it lacks the brilliant color of its more advertised contemporary. As a climber for covering porches, trellises and arches, and as a creeper for covering steep banks or any ground needing covering, it is unequalled. The foliage is a lustrous shining green. In bloom the plant is literally covered with exquisitely beautiful single white flowers which are followed by an abundant crop of bright red hips or berries, which remain on the plant all winter. The Rose is entirely free from attacks of insects or disease, and is absolutely hardy, root and branch. Strong two-year-old plants, 60c each; \$6.00 per 12.

ROSA WICHURAIANA HYBRIDS

WICHURAIANA RUBRA. Long, green branches; leaves medium size, glossy green, large clusters of single flowers, 1½ to 2 inches in diameter, bright searlet petals tinted orange-red, white at the base; numerous orange-red stamens; flowers in June. 60c each; \$6.00 per 12.

ROSE-PINK ROAMER. This is a hybrid of the Sweetbrier, and carries its characteristics in bloom, while the growth, which is very rampant, partakes mere of the Wichuraiana. The single flowers which are produced in close heads are nearly 2 inches in diameter, bright rich pink with almost a white center which lightens up the orange-red stamens producing a fine effect. E02 each; \$5.00 per 12.



Wichuraiana Roses.

Please Read Before Ordering

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TERMS OF PAYMENT. Our terms of payment are invariably cash on delivery. This does not mean that we ship C. O. D., as we will not do so under any circumstances. We deliver the goods and mail bills at the same time, and expect payment within a few days. People unknown to us will please send cash or reference with their order.

PRICES AND PACKING. Prices in this catalogue are made subject to stock offered being unsold when ordered, and include all charges for packing trees, shrubs, plants, and bulbs.

Six plants of a kind will be furnished at the dozen rate; 50 or more at the 100 rate; 500 or more at the 1,000 rate. Less than 6 plants of one kind or variety will be sold only at the single rate.

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